

The Chelsea Standard

THE CHELSEA HERALD, Established 1871
THE CHELSEA STANDARD, Established 1889

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, MAY 16, 1918.

VOL. 47, NO. 42

There's a String to Your Money--
On Every Purchase You Make at This Store.

If Everything isn't satisfactory all you have to do is to jerk the string and back comes the cash. This is the principle on which we do business.

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Hershey's Cocoa, half pound..... 20c
Tryphoso, package..... 9c

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D. M. Ferry's Vegetable, Lawn and Flower Seeds in packages and bulk.

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We Are Always Open and Will Treat You Right.

NEWS OF "OUR BOYS".

France, Easter Sunday, 1918.
Dear Mr. Hoover: I hope that you will pardon my negligence in not dropping you a line before this. It is not that I have forgotten you, for the Standard comes regularly to me, each time bringing to mind the kindness of the donor. It is just like a big letter every week and I thank you in proportion. Have been passing them on to H. D. Pearce, who once lived at North Lake. He is religious secretary at our Y. M. C. A. hut.

I see Herman Benter and Reuben Foster often, and they send their best. A tall young fellow touched me on the shoulder the other day, who turned out to be Gregory Howe, formerly of Chelsea; and who had just arrived in camp.

I read with a great deal of interest the letters from the boys in the different camps, as published in the Standard.

Am sorry not to be able to write you more news just now, but will try and write a longer one before long.

Pri. A. M. STEINBACH,
Co. F, 16th Eng. (Ry.) American E. F., via New York.

In a letter from France to his mother, Mrs. J. G. Wagner, Private Ernest Wagner says:

So far we have simply been on a tour, with a little work, drill and hiking, mixed in now and then. Now I think that we are at our destination until the end of the war, perhaps not.

We are quite comfortably located, and only a short distance from where our work will be. Far enough from the front so that Fritz will have to get an early start to get us.

France is great, what little I have seen of it, and the people are certainly fine. It seems that anything that the American boys ask of the people is not too much. Everything is open to us, and we can go and come as we please at certain hours of the day.

We have quite a time making our wants known to the people here. I walk about with a little French-English book under my arm most of the time, and almost always I get what I go after.

It seems as though I try to write often enough, but I cannot find anything to write about. If I was with you I could certainly entertain you for a long time explaining about the many places of interest that I have seen since I have been in France.

You, perhaps, have a vision of me dodging bullets, but such is not the case. I am doing the same kind of work that I did at home, enjoy it very much and am learning a great deal at the same time.

Private Wagner's address is 13th Co., 2d Motor Mechanics Regt., Signal Corps, American E. F., via New York.

Mr. and Mrs. George Webb of North Lake have received a letter from their son, Private Clayton R. Webb, who is with the United States Marine Corps, 2d Aero Squad, Curtis Field, Miami, Florida, from which we quote the following:

I left Paris Island very suddenly and did not have time to write you, and I was not sure where I was going until we were well on the way.

This is a new camp and the electric lights are not yet placed, so I have to write when I can get an opportunity during the day.

We certainly had a swell trip on the way down here. It is a much nicer camp than at the Island. This is a camp that one could easily make a home and enjoy it. We are stationed very near the southern end of Florida, a few miles from Key West. Am getting farther away from home all of the time.

I was certainly surprised to find a very beautiful camp here not far from the Everglades, and about four miles from the city of Miami, one of the most beautiful resorts in the United States. Henry Ford, R. E. Olds and Wm. J. Bryan have homes here.

On the way down we stopped at St. Augustine, the oldest city in the United States, and looked around; saw the old Spanish fort. We also stopped at Palm Beach.

This camp, like the other one is right on the ocean beach.

We get leave to go to the city every night if we want it, but we have to be back to camp at 12 o'clock. The people use us well. It seems as if they cannot do enough for us.

There were fifteen of us who came down here together, and we have started at the machine gun school. I am going to take one apart this afternoon. I shot one this morning. They use the Lewis gun here, the

MADE ESCAPE FROM GERMAN PRISON CAMP

Lieut. Faye Palmer Escapes After Being Prisoner Several Days
—Companion Killed.

James Palmer, of Waterloo, received word last Thursday through a cablegram sent to a Jackson man that his son, Dr. Faye Palmer, had returned to his regiment. Lieutenant Palmer and two companions, one of whom was a son of the Jackson man and the other a nephew, had escaped from a German prison, where they had been held from Monday until Thursday. In the getaway the nephew was killed, but the others made good their escape. Lieut. Palmer was a graduate of the Chelsea high school and his friends here are pleased to learn of his escape from what would have been practically a living death.

best in the world. It shoots at the rate of 600 shots a minute. We have to learn to take it apart and put it together in less than three minutes, blindfolded. We also have started at the radio school. This is very interesting. We have to learn wirelessly and be able to send messages.

We are getting fine eats here, and could not be better situated.

In a letter to his sister, Mrs. Clarence Ulrich, Herbert McKone, who has been stationed at Paris Island, S. C., for some time, says:

We have been shooting for record on the rifle range, and yesterday 200 of us shot, and I made the highest score, 268 out of a possible 300. This gives me the mark of expert rifleman, as you have to have 253 points to get the mark, and beat that by fifteen points, but as expert rifleman is the highest medal they issue, the extra points did me no good, only for the honor of being high man.

An expert rifleman receives an additional five dollars a month on his pay.

There are three medals that they issue; marksman, which requires 202 points and pays \$2 a month, sharpshooter, 238 points, and pays \$3 additional, and expert rifleman, 253 points, and \$5 additional.

When we came in from the range there were orders for us to leave the island the next day for Quantico, Va. We do not know how long we will be there.

Today we are washing all of our dirty clothes and will pack our sea bags.

We drew our Red Cross clothing today and received two pairs of heavy socks, a pair of wristlets, a muffler, a helmet and a dandy sweater, so as far as clothes for winter is concerned, we are all set.

It is almost 100 degrees here today, and when we came in with our light marching order we could wring the perspiration from our clothing.

Will let you know later what my new address will be.

Donald M. Curtis who has been stationed at Vancouver Barracks, Vancouver, Wash., writes his mother, Mrs. W. A. Shaffer, that he has been transferred to Waldport, Oregon. The camp is on the Pacific ocean, four miles from Waldport. He says that he has been swimming in the ocean, but that it is a little too cold for comfort.

They are building a railway, and he says that Robinson Crusoe and Friday had nothing on them.

The weather there is fine, and in the summer, the natives tell him, that there are about 20,000 people camping along the coast, so they hope that their isolation will not be complete.

They went from Vancouver to Portland and from Portland to Newport by boat, and from there to Waldport and the camp, about twenty miles, on foot.

His new address is 20th Provisional Squadron, Camp 2 D, Waldport, Ore.

Saline—A. A. Wood & Son shipped from this station on Monday to Douglas, Wyo., four carloads of thoroughbred sheep, Hampshires and Ramboulllets. These sheep were in charge of A. G. Wood and Harry Vandam, who will care for them at Douglas until August, when they will be taken to Salt Lake City, where they will be sold at the annual public auction of sheep held under the auspices of the National Wool Growers' association. Observer.

RED CROSS NOTES.

The Orient Circle organized a unit last Friday and appointed Mrs. L. G. Palmer chairman.

Mrs. J. E. McKune was in Francisco Wednesday afternoon, where she organized a Red Cross Auxilliary.

The Surgical Dressings Class has moved into the Wilkinsonia Building. Many thanks to A. W. Wilkinson.

Six hospital shirts, 10 pajama suits, six pairs of socks, 10 Belgian quilts were sent to Ann Arbor this week.

The local Red Cross was organized one year ago this month. We would like to have everyone renew their membership. Miss Ella Barber, at Vogel & Wurster's store, will take the membership fee.

Many false reports have been circulated recently and some of them have been printed in the daily papers, saying that knitted socks were not needed by the soldiers, that the quota had been more than filled. The following article was taken from the May "News Letter," a little magazine printed each month by the Detroit Chapter of the American Red Cross, which will perhaps correct to a certain extent, the hurtful rumor: "A secret service agent visited a Detroit store during the past week and suggested that it would be wise if certain persons in the establishment refrain from spreading a report that the sock production for the American military forces had been cut in half for the summer." The article stated that there is no truth to that report. Knit all you can and two or three pairs in addition.

Date Not Set For Registration.

According to a bulletin from Gen. Crowder a registration of young men who have become 21 years of age since June 5, 1917, will take place in the near future. No date is set, but it is expected the registration will take place about the 5th of June, as last year.

It is not expected that any new law making the draft age from 19 to 40 will be in effect by that time, but that the ages, 21 to 31, will continue.

The bulletin contains the information that there will be no new machinery employed in the new registration, but that the work will be in the hands of the already well organized draft boards, and the work is expected to move off smoothly and rapidly.

Only about one-tenth of the number of last June will be registered at this time.

Will Pay Fare of Farm Hands.

Money to pay for the transportation of workers to the farms of the state, where this is necessary, has been appropriated by the war preparedness board to the labor agencies conducted by Michigan in many cities, according to A. B. Cook, federal farm labor director.

The appropriation, which was small but sufficient, will be used as a revolving fund—that is, men whose tickets are bought for them will be required to reimburse the board. The system is one that has been adopted in several states with practically no loss to any of them, and from the agricultural standpoint has added greatly to the efficiency of the employment agencies maintained by the states.

"Conditions at present indicate that farm labor is fairly plentiful, and is going to be available in sufficient quantity, at prices not unreasonable, all things considered," Director Cook declares. "The farmer must stand ready to pay a reasonable wage, although he need not permit anyone to hold him up."

Portage River Drain.

Portage river drain will be the next one after the Grand river improvement. County Drain Commissioner Duane, of Ingham county, has the petition and men are busy now securing the rights of way. The Portage river drain will be approximately twenty miles long, will cost considerably less than the Grand river project for which the contracts already have been let, and it will benefit 125,000 acres of land in Jackson and Ingham counties, with more than 80,000 acres of Jackson county land in the assessment district.

Big Portage, Little Portage, Gillet's and Brill are among the lakes that lie in the drainage territory. It is said that many land owners are eager to have the drain put through as soon as possible.

This drain will affect the same property owners in Washtenaw that were interested in the Grand river drain, notice of which was recently printed in the Standard.

THIS PLACE IS ALWAYS ON THE LOOKOUT For The Wants of Others

Farm House Coffee a 30c value, per lb 22c, 10 lbs. for..... \$2.00
R-M-C brand Coffee, 3 lb. package..... 87c
Red Band Blend Coffee, (best in town)..... 33c
Our 50c T is making more customers every day.
2 pound package Farm House extra Prunes..... 30c
Ripe Olives, per can..... 15c
Hot Stuff, seasoning for hot and cold meats..... 7c
Quart cans pure Apple Butter, per can..... 25c
Fancy sliced Pineapple, per can..... 30c
2 pound pails Cream Peanut Butter..... 50c
Quart jars Banquet Queen Olives..... 40c
Good choice Prunes, per pound..... 10c
Fancy cut Wax Beans, per can..... 20c
Macaroni, Spaghetti and Egg Noodles, 3 packages for..... 25c
Monarch California White Cherries, per can..... 35c

Brick, Cream, Nippy, Pimento and Chili Cheese.

Butter is always good and in prime condition.

Bread, fresh every day, from the large Detroit bakeries, large loaves 14c.

We want your Eggs at the highest market price.

Remember that our Basement is always full of bargains.

FREEMAN'S
The Busy Store on the Corner

A SAFEGUARD

A Checking Account is a Safeguard against rash or unwise expenditures. You will stop to think before signing a check. Open your account at this bank

Farmers & Merchants Bank
MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Help Your Government
BY CONSERVING LEATHER

To you good Shoe Repairing means economy and comfort.
OUR MOTTO IS
Quality Work, with Quality Material, at Reasonable Prices
ASK TO SEE OUR BARGAINS IN MEN'S DRESS AND WORK SHOES

SCHMID & SON, West Middle St., Chelsea

THE GALE
Sure Drop Corn Planter.

We Claim For The Sure Drop

The most efficient planter made.
The most accurate dropper.
The most accurate checker.
Does not crack kernels.
Does not scatter corn.
Will always plant at uniform depth.
Cannot mix the hills.
Has the best automatic marker made.
Has a simple and effective foot lift.
Has the only plate arrangement for all kinds of corn.
Has plates for all varieties of corn.
In fact the Sure Drop is the most perfect Corn Planter made.
These are our claims—everybody can make claims. We can refute our claims in the field.

BUY A SURE DROP NOW

PHONE 6-W **HINDELANG & FAHRNER**

NORTH OF FIFTY-THREE

By BERTRAND W. SINCLAIR

(Copyright: Little, Brown & Co.)

LURE OF HIDDEN GOLD CALLS "ROARING BILL" AND HAZEL INTO THE WILDERNESS.

Synopsis.—Miss Hazel Weir, a stenographer, living at Granville, Ontario, is placed under a cloud by circumstances for which she is entirely blameless. To escape from the groundless gossip that pursues her, she secures a position as schoolteacher at Cariboo Meadows, in a wild part of British Columbia. There, at a boarding house, she first sees "Roaring Bill" Wagstaff, a well-known character of that country. Soon after her arrival Hazel loses her way while walking in the woods. She wanders until night when she reaches "Roaring Bill's" camp fire in the woods. He promises to take her home in the morning, but she is compelled to spend the night in the woods. After wandering in the woods all the next day, "Roaring Bill" finally admits that he is taking Hazel to his cabin in the mountains. Hazel finds upon their arrival at the cabin that she cannot hope to escape from the wilderness before spring. During the long winter "Roaring Bill" treats Hazel with the greatest respect. He tells her he loves her and tries to induce her to marry him, but she refuses. In the spring he takes her to Bella Coola, where she can get a boat to Vancouver. At Vancouver Hazel takes a train for Granville, but on the way she realizes that she loves Wagstaff and decided to return to him. "Roaring Bill" is overjoyed and together they travel to a Hudson bay post and are married.

CHAPTER IX—Continued.

"This is July the twenty-fifth, Mr. Roaring Bill Wagstaff," she announced. "We've been married exactly one month."

"A whole month?" he echoed, in mock astonishment. "You don't say so? Seems like it was only day before yesterday, little person."

"I wonder," she snuggled up a little closer to him, "if any two people were ever as happy as we've been?"

Bill put his arm across her shoulders and tilted her head back so that he could smile down into her face.

"They have been a bunch of golden days, haven't they?" he whispered. "You won't forget this joy time if we ever do hit real hard going, will you, Hazel?"

"The bird of ill omen croaks again," she reproved. "Why should we come to hard going, as you call it?"

"We shouldn't," he declared. "But most people do. And we might. One never can tell what's ahead: By and by when the novelty wears off—maybe you'll get sick of seeing the same old Bill around and nobody else. You see, I've always been on my good behavior with you. Do you like me a lot?"

His arm tightened with a quick and powerful pressure, then suddenly relaxed to let her lean back and stare up at him tenderly.

"I ought to punish you for saying things like that," she pouted. "Only I can't think of any effective method. Sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof—and there is no evil in our days."

"Amen," he whispered softly—and they fell to silent contemplation of the rose and gold that spread in a wonderful blazon over all the western sky.

"Twenty-fifth of July, eh?" he mused presently. "Summer's half gone already. I didn't realize it. We ought to be stirring pretty soon, lady. These northern seasons are so blessed short. We ought to try and do a little good for ourselves—make hay while the sun shines. We'll needa da mon."

"Needa fiddlicsticks," she laughed. "What do we need money for? It eats practically nothing to live up here. Why this sudden desire to pursue the dollar? Besides, how are you going to pursue it?"

"Go prospecting," he replied promptly. "Hit the trail for a place I know where there's sodies of course gold, if you can get to it at low water. How'd you like to go into the Upper Nans country this fall, trip all winter, work the sandbars in the spring, and come out next fall with a sack of gold it would take a horse to pack?"

Hazel clapped her hands. "Oh, Bill, wouldn't that be fine?" she cried. "I'd love to."

"It won't be all smooth sailing," he warned. "It's a long trip and a hard one, and the winter will be longer and harder than the trip. Still, there's a chance for a good big stake, right in that one trip."

"But why the necessity for making a stake?" she inquired thoughtfully, after a lapse of five minutes. "I thought you didn't care anything about money so long as you had enough to get along on? And we surely have that. We've over two thousand dollars in real money—and no place to spend it—so we're compelled to save."

Bill blew a smoke ring over his head and watched it vanish up toward the dusky roof beams before he answered. "Well, little person," said he, "that's very true, and we can't truthfully say that stern necessity is treading on our heels. The possession of money has never been a crying need with me. But I hadn't many wants when I was playing a lone hand, and I generally let the future take care of itself. It was always easy to dig up money enough to buy books and grub or anything I wanted. Now that I've assumed a certain responsibility, it has begun to dawn on me that we'd enjoy life better if we were assured of a competence. We won't stay here always. I'm pretty much contented just now. So are you. But I know from past experience that the outside will grow more alluring as time passes. You'll get loathe some for civilization. It's the

most natural thing in the world. And when we go out to mix with our fellow humans we want to meet them on terms of worldly equality. Which is to say with good clothes on, and a fat bank roll in our pocket. And last, but not least, old girl, while I love to loaf, I can only loaf about so long in contentment. Sabe? I've got to be doing something; whether it was profitable or not has never mattered, just so it was action."

"I s'be, as you call it," Hazel smiled. "Of course I do. Only lazy people like to loaf all the time. I love this place, and we might stay here for years and be satisfied. But—"

"But we'd be better satisfied to stay if we knew that we could leave it whenever we wanted to," he interrupted. "That's the psychology of the human animal, right. We don't like to be coerced, even by circumstances."

"If you made a lot of money mining, we could travel—one could do lots of things," she reflected. "I don't think I'd want to live in a city again. But it would be nice to go there, sometimes."

"Yes, dear girl, it would," Bill agreed. "With a chum to help you enjoy things. We can do things together that I couldn't do alone. Remains only to get the wherewithal. And since I know how to manage that with a minimum amount of effort, I'd like to be about it before somebody else gets ahead of me. Though there's a small chance of that."

"We'll be partners," said she. "How will we divide the profits, Billum?"

"We'll split even," he declared. "That is, I'll make the money, and you'll spend it."

They chuckled over this conceit, and as the dusk closed in slowly they fell to planning the details. Hazel lit the lamp, and in its yellow glow porcupine maps while Bill idly sketched their route on a sheet of paper. His



Pored Over Maps While Bill Idly Sketched Their Route on a Sheet of Paper.

objective lay east of the head of the Nans proper, where amid a wild tangle of mountains and mountain torrents three turbulent rivers, the Sitkine, the Skeena and the Nans, took their rise. A God-forsaken region, he told her, where few white men had penetrated. The peaks stirred with the clouds, and their sides were scarred with glaciers. A lonesome, brooding land, the home of a vast and seldom-broken silence.

"But there's all kinds of game and fur in there," Bill remarked thoughtfully. "And gold. Still, it's a fierce country for a man to take his best girl into. I don't know whether I ought to tackle it."

"We couldn't be more isolated than we are here," Hazel argued, "if we were in the Arctic. Look at that poor woman at Pelt House. Three babies born since she saw a doctor or another woman of her own color! What's a winter by ourselves compared to that. And she didn't think it so great a hardship. Don't you worry about me, Mr. Bill. I think it will be fun. I'm a real pioneer at heart. The wild places look good to me—when you're along."

She received her due reward for that, and then, the long twilight having brought the hour to a close, she

manifested itself by sundry yawns on their part, they went to bed.

With breakfast over, Bill put a compass in his pocket, after having ground his ax blade to a keen edge.

"Come on," said he, then; "I'm going to transact some important business."

"What is it?" she promptly demanded with much curiosity.

"This domicile of ours, girl," he told her, while he led the way through the surrounding timber, "is ours only by grace of the wilderness. It's built on unsurveyed government land—land that I have no more legal claim to than any passing trapper. But I'm going to remedy that. I'm going to formally stake a hundred and sixty acres of this and apply for its purchase. Then we'll have a cinch on our home. We'll always have a refuge to fly to, no matter where we go."

She nodded appreciation of this. The cabin in the clearing stood for some of those moments that always loom large and unforgettable in every woman's experience. She had come there once in hot, shamed anger, and she had come again as a bride. It was the handiwork of a man she loved with a passion that sometimes startled her by its intensity. Just the mere possibility of that place being given over to others roused in her a pang of resentment. It was theirs, hers and Bill's, and being a woman, she viewed its possession jealously.

So she watched with keen interest what he did. Which, in truth, was simple enough. He worked his way to a point southeast of the clearing till he gained a little rise whence through the treetops they could look back and see the cabin roof. There Bill cut off an eight-inch jack pine, leaving the stump approximately four feet high. This he hewed square, the four flat sides of the post facing respectively the cardinal points of the compass. On one smoothed surface Bill set to work with his pocketknife. Hazel sat down and watched while he busied himself at this. And when he had finished she read, in deep-carved letters:

W. WAGSTAFF'S S. E. CORNER.

Then he penned on a sheet of letter paper a brief notice to the effect that he, William Wagstaff, intended to apply for the purchase of the land embraced in an area a half mile square, of which the post was the southeast corner mark. This notice he fastened to the stump with a few tacks, and sat down to rest from his labors.

"How long do you suppose that will stay there, and who is there to read it if it does?" Hazel observed.

"Search me. The moose and the deer and the timber wolves, I guess," Bill grinned. "The chances are the paper won't last long, with winds and rains. But it doesn't matter. It's simply a form prescribed by the land act of British Columbia, and so long as I go through the legal motions, that lets me out. Matter of form, you know."

"Then what else do you have to do?" "Nothing but furnish the money when the land department gets around to accept my application," he said. "I can get an agent to attend to all the details. Well, let's take a look at our estate from another corner."

This, roughly ascertained by sighting a line with the compass and stepping off 850 yards, brought them up on a knoll that commanded the small basin of which the clearing was practically in the center.

"Ana!" Bill exclaimed. "Look at our ranch, would you; our widespread acres basking in the sun. A quarter section is quite a chunk. Do you know I never thought much about it before, but there's a piece of the finest land that lies outdoors. If this country should get a railroad and settle up, that quarter section might produce all the income we'd need. Just out of hay and potatoes. How'd you like to be a farmer's wife, huh?"

"Fine," she smiled. "Look at the view—it isn't gorgeous. It's—It's simply peaceful and quiet and soothing. I hate to leave it."

"Better be sorry to leave a place than glad to get away," he answered lightly. "Come on, let's pike home and get things in order for the long trail, woman o' mine. I'll teach you how to be a woodland vagabond!"

CHAPTER X.

En Route.

Long since Hazel had become aware that whatsoever her husband set about doing he did swiftly and with inflexible purpose. There was no malingering or doubtful hesitation. Once his mind was made up, he acted. Thus, upon the third day from the land staking, they bore away eastward from the clearing across a trackless area, traveling by the sun and Bill's knowledge of the country.

"Some day there'll be trails blazed through here by a paternal government," he laughed over his shoulder, "for the benefit of the public. But we don't need 'em, thank goodness."

The buckskin pony Hazel had bought for the trip in with Lamping George ambled seditiously under a pack containing bedding, clothes and a light shelter tent. The black horse, Nigger, bo of the cocked ear and the rolling

eye, carried in a pair of kyaks six weeks' supply of food. Bill led the way, seconded by Hazel on easy-gaited Silk. Behind her trailed the pack horses like dogs well broken to heel, patient under their heavy burdens. Off in the east the sun was barely clear of the towering Rockies, and the woods were still cool and shadowy, full of aromatic odors from plant and tree.

There was no monotony in the passing days. Rivers barred their way. These they forded or swam, or ferried a makeshift raft of logs, as seemed most fit. Haps and mishaps alike they accepted with an equable spirit and the true philosophy of the trail—to take things as they come. When rain deluged them, there was always shelter to be found and fire to warm them. If the flies assailed too fiercely, a smudge brought easement of that ill.

Each day was something more than a mere toll of so many miles traversed. The unexpected, for which both were eager-eyed, lurked on the shoulder of each mountain, in the hollow of every cove, or met them boldly in the open, naked and unafraid.

Bearing up to where the Nachaco debouches from Fraser lake, with a Hudson's Bay fur post and an Indian mission on its eastern fringe, they came upon a blazed line in the scrub timber. Roaring Bill pulled up, and squinted away down the narrow lane, fresh with ax marks.

"Well," said he, "I wonder what's coming off now? That looks like a survey line of some sort. It isn't a trail—too wide. Let's follow it a while."

"I'll bet a nickel," he asserted next, "that's a railroad survey."

"Half an hour of easy jogging set the seal of truth on his assertion. They came upon a man squatting through a brass instrument set on three legs, directing, with alternate wavings of his outspread hands, certain activities of other men ahead of him.

"Well, I'll be—" he bit off the sentence, and stared a moment in frank astonishment at Hazel. Then he took off his hat and bowed. "Good morning," he greeted politely.

"Sure," Bill grinned. "We have mornings like this around here all the time. What all are you fellows doing in the wilderness, anyway? Railroad?"

"Cross-section work for the G. T. P.," the surveyor replied.

"Huh," Bill grunted. "Is it a dead cinch, or is it something that may possibly come to pass in the misty future?"

"As near a cinch as anything ever is," the surveyor answered. "Construction has begun—at both ends. I thought the few white folks in this country kept tab on anything as important as a new railroad."

"We've heard a lot, but none of 'em has transpired yet; not in my time, anyway," Bill replied dryly. "How- ever, the world keeps on moving. I've heard more or less talk of this, but I didn't know all had got past the talking stage. What's their Pacific terminal?"

"Prince Rupert—new town on a peninsula north of the mouth of the Skeena," said the surveyor. "It's a rush job all the way through, I believe. Three years to spike up the last rail. And that's going some for a transcontinental road. Both the Dominion and B. C. governments have guaranteed the company's bonds away up into millions."

"Be a great thing for this country—say, where does it cross the Rockies?—what's the general route?" Bill asked abruptly.

"Goes over the range through Yellowhead pass. From here it follows the Nachaco to Fort George, then up the Fraser by Tete Juan Cache, through the pass, then down the Athabasca till it switches over to strike Edmonton."

"Uh-huh," Bill nodded. "One of the modern labors of Hercules. Well, we've got to peg. So long."

"Our camp's about five miles ahead. Better stop in and noon," the surveyor invited, "if it's on your road."

"Thanks. Maybe we will," Bill returned. The surveyor lifted his hat with a

swift glance of admiration at Hazel, and they passed with a mutual "so long."

"What do you think of that, old girl?" Bill observed presently. "A real, honest-to-goodness railroad going by within a hundred miles of our shack. Three years. It'll be there before we know it. We'll have neighbors to burn."

"A hundred miles!" Hazel laughed. "Is that your idea of a neighborly distance?"

"What's a hundred miles?" he defended. "Two days' ride, that's all. And the kind of people that come to settle in a country like this don't stick in sight of the cars. They're like me—need lots of elbow room. There'll be hardy souls looking for a location up where we are before very long. You'll see."

They passed other crews of men, surveyors with transits, chainmen, stake drivers, ax gangs widening the path through the timber. Most of them looked at Hazel in frank surprise, and stared long after she passed by. And when an open bottom beside a noisy little creek showed the scattered tents of the survey camp, Hazel said:

"Let's not stop, Bill."

He looked back over his shoulder with a comprehending smile.

"Getting shy? Make you uncomfortable to have all these boys look at you, little person?" he bantered. "All right, we won't stop. But all these fellows probably haven't seen a white woman for months. You don't blame them for admiring. You do look good to other men besides me, you know."

So they rode through the camp with but a nod to the aproned cook, who thrust out his head, and a gray-haired man with glasses, who humped over a drafting board under an awning. Their noon fire they built at a spring five miles beyond.

At length they fared into Hazelton, which is the hub of a vast area over which men pursue gold and furs. Some hundred odd souls were gathered there, where the stern-wheeler steamers that ply the turbid Skeena reach the head of navigation. A land-recording office and a mining recorder Hazelton boasted as proof of its civic importance. The mining recorder, who combined in himself many capacities besides his governmental function, undertook to put through Bill's land deal. He knew Bill Wagstaff.

"Wise man," he nodded, over the description. "If some more uh these boys that have blazed trails through this country would do the same thing, they'd be better off. A chunk of land anywhere in this country is a good bet now. We'll have rails here on the coast in a year. Better freeze onto a couple uh lots here in Hazelton, while they're low. Be plumb to the skies in ten years. Natural place for a city, Bill. It's astonishing how the settlers is coming."

There was ocular evidence of this last, for they had followed in a road well rutted from loaded wagons. But Bill invested in no real estate, notwithstanding the positive assurance that Hazelton was on the ragged edge of a boom.

"Maybe, maybe," he admitted. "But I've got other fish to fry. That one piece up by Pine river will do me for a while."

Here where folk talked only of gold and pelts and railroads and settlement and the coming boom that would make them all rich, Bill Wagstaff added two more ponies to his pack train. These he loaded down with food, staples only, flour, sugar, beans, salt, tea and coffee, and a sack of dried fruit. Also he bestowed upon Nigger a further burden of six dozen steel traps.

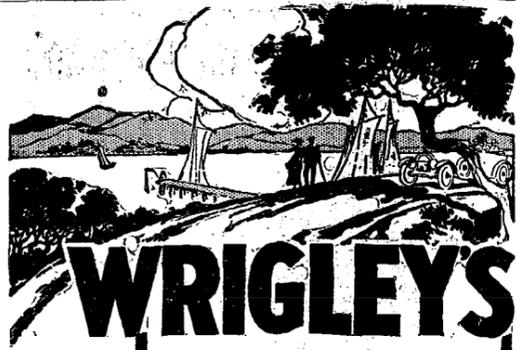
And in the cool of a midsummer morning, before Hazelton had rubbed the sleep out of its collective eyes and taken up the day's work of discussing its future greatness, Roaring Bill and his wife draped the mosquito nets over their heads and turned their faces north.

For a brief distance only did this endure, then dwindled to a path. A turn in this hid sight of the clustered log houses and tents, and the two steamers that lay up against the bank. The river itself was soon lost in the far stretches of forest. Once more they rode alone in the wilderness. For the first time Hazel felt a quick shrinking from the North, an awe of its huge, silent spaces, which could so easily engulf thousands such as they and still remain a land untamed.

Hazel gets a terrifying glimpse of the ruthless way of the wilderness. She learns that the great wide spaces of the north are merciless to those who make mistakes. Now she learns the lesson in told in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

Philippine Population. Government officials recently estimated the population of the Philippines at slightly more than 9,500,000 the Island of Luzon having about one-half the number.



WRIGLEY'S

"After every meal" Spring is in the air—the fields and woods and waters call—

And to add to the zest of outdoor pleasures nothing affords the long-lasting refreshment of WRIGLEY'S—

So carry it always with you.

The Flavor Lasts



EVERYTHING IN FULL SIGHT According to Children, There Seemed Little Doubt That It Was Soon Going to Rain.

One evening, notwithstanding the present heavy rains the stars shone brilliantly and the little ones were watching with eager interest the clearing of dark days.

"I see the dipper," cried the boy, our eldest, aged seven.

"Yes," adds papa, and it's standing on its head.

"I guess it's going to rain," says Edgar, who is five. While from Rita, our three-year-old, "Papa, papa, and I see the faucet!"

Outside our kitchen door there stands a spigot beside which we keep a dipper hanging for the children's special use.—Los Angeles Times.

AN ATTACK OF GRIP USUALLY LEAVES KIDNEYS IN WEAKENED CONDITION

Doctors in all parts of the country have been kept busy with the epidemic of grip which has visited so many homes. The symptoms of grip this year are often very distressing and leave the system in a run-down condition, particularly the kidneys which seem to suffer most, as almost every victim complains of lame back and urinary troubles which should not be neglected, as these danger signals often lead to dangerous kidney troubles. Druggists report a large sale on Dr. Kilmor's Swamp-Root which so many people say soon heals and strengthens the kidneys after an attack of grip. Swamp-Root, being an herbal compound, has a gentle healing effect on the kidneys, which is almost immediately noticed in most cases by those who try it. Dr. Kilmor & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. offer to send a sample size bottle of Swamp-Root, on receipt of ten cents, to every sufferer who requests it. A trial will convince anyone who may be in need of it. Regular medium and large size bottles, for sale at all druggists. Be sure to mention this paper.—Adv.

ASTHMA

Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. For the prompt relief of Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, and Hay Fever. Dr. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is a powerful and effective remedy for all these ailments. It is made from natural ingredients and is safe for all ages. Write for FREE information and sample bottle. Dr. J. D. Kellogg, 1000 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

AMERICAN DOLLAR FLAG

See that you get the real American Dollar Flag. It is made of the finest material and is guaranteed to last for years. Write for more information. American Flag Mfg. Co., Easton, Pa.

BLACK'S OPTICIANS

GENUINE ACEY TABLETS ASPIRIN. The World's Greatest Medicine. For Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism and Pain Killing. Sample doses free. Write for more information. Dr. J. C. Smith, Wholesale Dealer, (Stock 1895) 151 1/2 St. Boston, Mass.

KILL ALL FILLS!

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Marine Eye Remedy. For all eye troubles, including redness, itching, and inflammation. Write for more information. Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, Ill.

Vertical text on the right edge of the page, including "Clear White with C" and other small advertisements.

SAYS ANTHRACNOSE IS ON "THE RUN"

Planting of Clean Bean Seed This Spring Will Rid Crop of Disease, Pathologist Says.

THOROUGH PICKING HELPFUL

Careful Removal of All Stained and Blotched Beans From the Seed Stock Lessens the Danger.

By DR. G. H. COONS, Plant Pathologist M. A. C. Experiment Station.

East Lansing, Mich.—Michigan bean growers have experienced two disastrous seasons in which weather conditions have practically cut in two crops grown at great expense. Before 1916 and 1917 plant disease, and especially anthracnose, had year after year brought enormous loss to the growers in many sections, and in some districts crop failure. To this dismal condition must be added the damage brought about in the fall of 1917 by the rainy period which caught nearly the entire crop while it was still piled in the field. As a result the beans that were produced were in the bulk of cases greatly lessened in value by "ground rot." Where farmers lacked facilities for spreading out the wet crop to dry, beans that picked 40 pounds to the bushel were not uncommon. Naturally under such conditions of moisture countless bushels have become musty.

Combined with certain vagaries in the price, these losses have caused many growers to question the advisability of longer clinging to this crop. A national problem of grave importance is wrapped up in this matter.

But discussion of the diseases of beans and not of acreage, the price of seed and the California competition is the province of this article, though undoubtedly these questions must be decided on a sound business basis, in which true patriotism and a desire to obey the call of the country must be paramount considerations.

What may the farmer expect in the way of bean diseases in 1918? To begin with, plant diseases are not caused by the weather. This has been said so often that it has become an old story to many farmers, but there are still many others who, seeing the direct relation between weather and disease epidemics, blame the whole matter on rainy seasons and stop there.

If the trouble stopped there this article would not be written, for no one has yet found a way to control the weather. There is, however, another side to be considered. The "nigger in the woodpile" in this case happens to be a germ. Plant diseases are caused by germs, and the weather is concerned only in so far as it aids in the growth and spread of these germs.

Take bean anthracnose for example. Here we are dealing with a disease carried in the seed to the field and brought above the ground when the first seed leaves push out. Rain serves to carry the disease down the stalk to the young unfolding leaves, and rain also serves to wash the germs from the leaves to the pods and from plant to plant.

The transfer of bean anthracnose, aside from that which comes from cultivating beans while wet, and so forth, is wholly a matter of how far the rain can splash. If beans are grown in a greenhouse and irrigated instead of watered, they can be grown with absolutely clean pods—a point which is mentioned to show that rain does not cause anthracnose, but merely spreads it. Without the germ there would be no disease.

And so with other bean diseases. They are seed-borne and greatly influenced by the rainy weather. Yet without the germ the weather could do whatever it pleased without any danger of its ever making the beans blighted or spotted.

It is this last statement which gives us justification for making predictions for 1918. A farmer will certainly have disease in his fields if he plants diseased seed. If he can get "disease-free" seed—then he will have no trouble.

The matter is not so simple as it sounds, for the problem is to get disease-free seed. Probably there is not a bushel of seed absolutely free from disease in Michigan. All the farmer can do is to try to secure "disease-free" seed.

The present year offers a golden opportunity to secure "disease-free" seed. As a result of the last two dry seasons the percentage of anthracnose has been reduced, so that judging from the thousand samples of beans that have been analyzed for disease by the department of botany it is safe to say that not one sample in 50 shows heavy infestation from anthracnose, and in fact many are totally free, and in fact many are in retreat, but if wet weather keeps up this year it can make a stand and trench itself as firmly as ever. The present is an ideal time to get rid of the old enemy. It is wholly an individual problem.

If I were going to plant beans this spring I would get seed stock free from weathered beans and as clean and dry as possible, and then I would have it picked to absolute cleanliness. Every bean should be looked at and all white spots or stains should be thrown out. The women in the home who have

restored for war service can do no better work than this.

It is true that there still will be a little blight left in the seed and the crop may show some leaf trouble, but with the ordinary clean sample, such as grown last year, close picking will absolutely remove anthracnose.

DAIRYMEN FACE PROBLEM

Milk Surplus Is on Increase, Chiefly Due to Lack of Shipping Space.

By J. A. WALDRON, Extension Agent in Dairying Michigan Agricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—Of problems which confront the dairymen of Michigan none, perhaps, is causing more general concern at the present time (May and June) than the apparently ever-increasing surplus of milk. Even questions of feed supply and prices have at least for the time being become secondary to it. This surplus of milk and dairy products, according to those who have looked into the matter, is mostly attributable to a dearth of shipping facilities, which is cutting us off from the European markets, where the shortage of necessary butterfat products is more acute even than is the oversupply of them on this side. Warehouses of the condensaries, and storehouses on the eastern seaboard, are consequently full to overflow.

What this means to the producer of milk it doesn't require much intuition to guess. The experiences of dairymen near Portland in Inonia county, are typical of what is happening in numerous other parts of the state. This district was supplying about 18,000 pounds of milk daily to a Grand Ledge condensary, but during the last two days in April (and this state of affairs may still be existing) the condensary had to turn this milk back. The company would like to have taken the milk and stored it until the finished product began to move, but it lacked the capital necessary to enable it to do this—and many other of the smaller enterprises are finding themselves in the same predicament.

Another cause of the surplus is to be found in the effort at adjustment of milk prices that has been made in several of the larger cities within the past winter. As a result of this effort and the growth of a feeling by a large part of the public against the producers, the consumption of milk in the cities has fallen off markedly—and this despite the fact that even at 12 and 14 cents a quart milk is one of the cheapest and most nutritious foods the consumer can purchase. The new lessons in food conservation and thrift are also having their effect in lessening the call for dairy products.

Meanwhile there is no doubt about the necessities of the demand for butterfat products in France, Belgium, England, Italy and other European countries. For the American dairymen there might be a solution of these current difficulties if the government would place orders for future deliveries upon which the condensaries and the milk corporations might borrow money—though there is nothing to indicate at present that this will be done. An organized campaign of advertising dairy products by the dairy associations, in the manner in which the California growers enlighten consumers about the virtues of their fruits, would also help immensely in increasing the demand for and the appreciation of dairy products.

Among officials of the department of agriculture and the food administration the feeling is that this critical situation will be relieved by fall, when our launching of ships will begin to exceed the toll taken by the pirate U-boats.

Under the circumstances, it is the opinion of the writer that in the long run it will be wiser for dairymen to struggle along as best they can for the present, rather than sacrifice any of their herds, for while the present may look dark enough, a future is in prospect which, from the standpoint of profit and general good of the industry, should amply repay producers for the existing hardships.

BOOSTS FARM ACCOUNTING

Member of Extension Staff Demonstrates Value of Keeping Records.

East Lansing, Mich.—Points about farm accounting which it might be useful for farmers of the state to know are being communicated to agronomists this year by a member of the college extension staff who is a specialist in farm management. The cooperation of over a thousand farmers has already been secured, and many more demonstrations of farm accounting arranged for. On February 1 six of these demonstrations had been signed up for in Alpena county, three in Branch, eight in Tuscola, eight in Kent, four in Wayne and ten in Manistee.

The central idea in the farm management program is to encourage farmers to adopt businesslike methods—such as will enable them at any time to know just what their income and outgo for various items of labor, and other stock, crops and so on amount to, though these are only a few of the problems taken up.

Art in Dipping Sheep.

There is an art in dipping sheep which is soon learned by use and observation. Keep the dip up to a uniform strength and also keep it well stirred. See that all the sheep get a proper soaking, especially under the jaws, as it is here the tick eggs find a secure lodgment.

The KITCHEN CABINET

If our America is to become ever greater and better, her citizens must be loyal, devotedly faithful, in every relation of life.—W. J. Hutchins.

GOOD WARTIME DISHES.

We cannot say that we are doing our part in food saving and serving unless we waste absolutely nothing. Not a crumb of bread should be wasted. The crumbs that fall from the bread board in cutting bread will amount to at least a teaspoonful from a few slices. Put them in chopped meat, in puddings, in gravies for thickening instead of wheat flour. Any number of uses will occur to the cook who is trying to save.

Veal Sweetbreads.—Sweetbreads spoil quickly and should be used as soon as possible. Plunge them into cold water and let stand an hour, changing the water twice. Put them to cook in slightly salted acidulated water, boiling hot. Cook for thirty minutes rather slowly. Drain, plunge into cold water which keeps them white and firm. Now they may be used in various ways.

Liver.—Parboil one pound of beef liver five minutes. Drain. Remove the skin and veins, then brown in a little hot fat, chop and add a fourth of a teaspoonful of mustard, a teaspoonful of salt, a few dashes of pepper, a fourth of a teaspoonful of Worcestershire sauce and thicken with a teaspoonful each of butter and flour. Add a hard cooked egg and a teaspoonful of lemon juice. Serve on corn dodgers.

Corn Dodgers.—Roll together one cupful of milk and water, add a cupful of cornmeal and cook five minutes. Add two well-beaten eggs, two teaspoonfuls of salt and a tablespoonful of fat. Beat thoroughly and bake in a well-greased pan twenty-five minutes in a hot oven. Serve from the dish with a spoon.

Brown Stew.—This is a good dish to make a little meat go a long way. Cut a pound of the neck of a beef in inch cubes, season, dredge with flour, brown in fat, then add potato water to cover. When it boils up set it back and let it simmer slowly for three hours. Three-quarters of an hour before the end of the cooking, add carrots and turnips cut in cubes; a half hour before serving add potatoes. Three-fourths of a cupful of each vegetable will be a good proportion.

Don't you wish that you might see Spring peep out behind each tree? Don't you wish that you might hear All the brooklets shouting clear?

GOOD THINGS WITH BARLEY FLOUR.

In many of the darker cakes, using apices, molasses and chocolate, barley flour may be used exclusively in place of the wheat flour.

Sponge Barley Flour Cake.—Beat four egg yolks very light, add one cupful of sugar, beating it in gradually. Then add a tablespoonful of fat, a cupful of barley flour mixed and sifted with one and a half teaspoonfuls of baking powder, a fourth of a teaspoonful of salt and a teaspoonful of lemon juice. Fold in the egg whites, beaten stiff, and bake in a slow oven 15 minutes.

Plain Barley Cake.—Sift one and a half teaspoonfuls of baking powder with two cupfuls of flour, a pinch of salt. Cream a fourth of a cupful of fat, add three-fourths of a cupful of corn sirup, a beaten egg, two-thirds of a cupful of milk mixed with the flour and well beaten. Add a cupful or less of raisins well floured and stirred into the cake. Pour into a shallow pan and bake 20 minutes.

Barley and Oatmeal Drop Cakes.—Take a cupful of barley flour, one and a fourth cupfuls of rolled oats that have been well parched and put through the meat grinder, a half a cupful of fat, one-fourth of a cupful of brown sugar, the same of corn sirup, one egg, three tablespoonfuls of water, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, with a teaspoonful of salt mixed with the flour, and lastly a half-cupful of nuts.

Barley Cakes.—Take two cupfuls of barley flour, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder, a half teaspoonful of salt, sifted together. Cream a fourth of a cupful of fat with three-fourths of a cupful of sugar, add a half-cupful of milk and three-fourths of a cupful of nut meats. Drop on well-greased pans and bake in a moderate oven.

Barley Pie Crust.—Prepare the pastry just as usual, using barley flour instead of wheat. It will be a little harder to handle but will be tender and flaky. A most dainty pie can be made of custard, using three or four marshmallows to sweeten, and two or three teaspoonfuls of coconut stirred into the meringue instead of the sugar, which does away with using sugar.

Nellie Maxwell

Arabian Inland Presents. Among modern Arabians the bridegroom makes the bride presents, which are sent a day or two before the nuptials. As soon as the bride reaches the bridegroom's house she makes him presents of household furniture, a spear and a tent.

Graduates.

Mary was in her third week at school. Imagine mamma's surprise one evening to see the child enter the door with her slate, books and pencils.

"Why are you bringing them home?" she asked.

"I've quit school."

"Quit school? Why have you done that?"

"Why, I know more than the teacher, mamma. I wrote my name on my slate and she couldn't tell me what it was, and I told her."—Baltimore News.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, Ohio, and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, 1917.

(Seal) A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.

HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the System. Druggists. Testimonials from F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Recruiters Please Notice.

In our city there were recruiting a battalion of short men known as the "Bantams."

One day our little four-year-old soldier came in complaining of tiredness. When asked what he had been doing he said, "I've been recruiting all day."

"Which battalion are you recruiting for?"

"The Bantams," he replied.

"How many did you get?" was the next query.

"Oh," he said with a little sigh of weariness, "I recruited 500 bantams and one rooster!"—Canadian.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as Othello-doubling strength—a guarantee to remove these annoying spots.

Slightly get an ounce of Othello-doubling strength from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles begin to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and give a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength Othello, as this sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Ad.

May Come to This.

"I shall want some money today, dear," said George Pipwhistle to his wife before the latter set out for business one morning in 1927. And Mrs. Pipwhistle, grumbling the while, handed out the chips and waved her hand from the garden gate as she made a dash for the eight-nineteen.

Three hours after Mrs. P. had returned from the city, George Pipwhistle came in. He had a mountain of parcels in his arms and the light of triumph in his eyes and a grin.

"Yes," he panted, as he unrolled the parcels and disclosed four corkscrews, a stuffed owl, an assortment of paint brushes, a remnant of a cloth-bound "Uncle Tom's Cabin," six walking sticks, a toasting fork, a brace of tin openers and a roasting jack. "Such a scramble! It's just about the best bargain sale that ever was!"

Get New Kidneys!

The kidneys are the most overworked organs of the human body, and when they fail in their work of filtering out and throwing off the poisons developed in the system, the result is kidney trouble.

One of the first warnings is pain or stiffness in the lower part of the back; highly colored urine; loss of appetite; indigestion; or even vomiting in the bladder. These symptoms indicate a condition that may lead to that dreaded and fatal malady, Bright's disease, for which there is said to be no cure.

Do not delay a minute. At the first indication of trouble in the kidney, liver, bladder or urinary organs, start taking Gold Medal Barium Oil Capsules, and save yourself before it is too late. Instant treatment is necessary in kidney and bladder troubles. A delay is often fatal.

You can almost certainly find immediate relief in Gold Medal Barium Oil Capsules. For more than 200 years this famous preparation has been an unerring remedy for all kidney, bladder and urinary troubles.

It is the pure, original Barium Oil your great-grandmother used. About two capsules each day will keep you toned up and feeling fine. Get it at any drug store, and if it does not give you almost immediate relief, your money will be refunded. Be sure you get the GOLD MEDAL brand. None other genuine. In boxes, three sizes.—Ad.

Not a Best Seller. "Have you any worth-while books in here?" asked the superior person. "We have thousands of volumes, sir," replied the clerk. "I'm sure there is something in our stock to suit the most exacting taste. What do you require?"

"I want a book of synonyms."

"Just a moment, sir, until I speak to the boss. I don't believe we have any of Synonym's works."—Hirmingham Age-Herald.

Blocked the Move.

"I thought you told me you were going to break up housekeeping."

"We did intend to, but the cook refused to leave."—Boston Transcript.



It's Poor Economy to Endure a Bad Back

In these days of rising prices, we need every ounce of strength and the ability to do a full day's work every day. The man or woman with weak kidneys is half crippled. Sore, aching kidneys; lame, stiff back, headache, dizzy spells and a dull, tired feeling and urinary disorders are daily sources of distress. You can't afford to neglect kidney weakness and make it easy for gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease to take you. Get a box of Doan's Kidney Pills today. They have helped thousands. They should help you.

Personal Reports of Real Cases

A MICHIGAN CASE. Sam Willis, 405 Pleasant St., Inonia, Mich., says: "I suffered for four or five years from sharp, cutting pains through my right side and across my kidneys. Nothing did me any good until I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. The first few boxes cleared up the kidney secretions and after the fifth or sixth box I passed a gravel stone about the size of a pea. The pain left and I know it was the stone that caused it. Whenever I have noticed the least disorder since, I have used Doan's Kidney Pills and they have always proven mighty beneficial."

ANOTHER MICHIGAN CASE. Mrs. James M. Murphy, 610 Maple St., Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., says: "My health broke down entirely as a result of disordered kidneys. I grew weak and pale. My back ached and pained me terribly and I often had to squirm. Headaches drove me almost frantic, my feet swelled and watery sacs came under my eyes. I got so bad, hope for my recovery was given up. Doan's Kidney Pills came to my rescue and saved me. They fixed me up. I am now well and strong again."

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

60c a Box At All Stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., Chemists

Spring Run of Distemper
MAY BE WHOLLY AVOIDED BY USING "SPOHNS". A small outlay of money brings very great results. It is a sure cure, and a preventive if you use it as per directions. Simple, safe and sure. The 31 size is twice the quantity and so much more than the 50c size. Get your horses in best condition for late spring and summer. All druggists, harness dealers or manufacturers.
SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Manufacturers, Goshen, Ind.

As Age Advances the Liver Requires occasional slight stimulation.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS correct **CONSTIPATION**
Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price But Big in its Good Work.
Colorless or Pale Faces usually indicate the absence of Iron in the blood, a condition which will be greatly helped by Carter's Iron Pills.

Help wanted by many women
If a woman suffers from such ailments as Backache, Headache, Lassitude and Nervousness—the symptoms indicate the need for PISO'S Tablets, a valuable healing remedy with antiseptic, astringent and tonic properties. A local application simple but effective—response comes quickly causing refreshing relief with invigorating effects. Backed by the same PISO established over 50 years, satisfaction is guaranteed.
PISO'S TABLETS Sold Everywhere 50 Cents
Sample Mailed Free—address postcard THE PISO COMPANY 400 Pine Ridge, Warren, Pa.

Why?
People prefer pills, provided prompt and proper performance proves promise. Beecham's Pills are used by people all over the globe and have the largest sale of any medicine in the World!
BEECHAM'S PILLS Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.
W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 20-1918.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of **CASTORIA**, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of **Dr. J. C. Fletchler** in Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.
A Real Ambition. "He has a fine ambition." "What is it?" "Says he wants to live so that he will be considered somebody's best friend."
Hard Times. "Bird—You're a very small family, Mrs. Hen." "Hen—Yes; at the price of eggs I can't afford to raise them."
Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills put up 40 years ago. They regulate liver and bowels. Ad.
And yet contractors are employed to widen streets.

Are You Bloating After Eating
With that gassy, puffy feeling, and hurting near your heart? For Quick Relief—Take ONE **PATONIC** FOR YOUR STOMACH'S SAKE
You can fairly feel it work. It drives the GAS out of your body and the Bloat goes with it.
Removes Quickly—Indigestion, Heartburn, Sour Stomach, etc. Get PATONIC from your Druggist with the DOUBLE GUARANTEE
Sold by the "Big" Mob, Address Ebbett Remedy Co., 1118-24 St. Walsh Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
Costs a Cent or Two a Day



ON GUARD

At this time of the year people feel weak, tired, listless, their blood is thin, they have lived indoors and perhaps expended all their mental and bodily energy and they want to know how to renew their energy and stamina, overcome headaches and backaches, have clear eyes, a smooth, ruddy skin, and feel the exhilaration of real good health tingling thru their body. Good, pure, rich, red blood is the best insurance against all kinds of ailments. Almost all diseases come from impure and impoverished blood. It is to be noticed in the pale or pinchy face, the tired, haggard appearance of the listless manner. Drink hot water a half hour before meals, and for a vegetable tonic there's nothing better than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the old-fashioned herbal remedy, which has had such a fine reputation for fifty years. It contains no alcohol or narcotics. It is made from Golden Seal root, Blood-root, Oregon grape root, Queen's root, Black Cherry bark, extracted with glycerine and made into tablets and liquid. Tablets sixty cents, at most drug stores. In order to insure pure blood and to build up the system try this tonic known as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Got it now!

A Square Meal.

Some American soldiers in the trenches were discussing the food situation when one said: "Just think of it, potatoes, steak, butter, honey, fruit, pie and two eggs."

Another soldier reminded him that such a feed was not to be had at any price.

"Why," said the first, "it's not to eat it's to think about."

Never Can Tell.

You can never judge a man by the size of salary, he says he made before he went into service.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
Insist on the name with three D's and enjoy freedom from kidney ills. At all druggists.

ASSESSMENTS OF MUTUAL COMPANIES A LIEN ON THE PROPERTY INSURED

Act No. 256 of the Public Acts of 1917 provides that mutual companies in making assessments upon the policies of its members for the purpose of paying losses and expenses incurred, shall make the same a lien upon the property insured.

This is a wise provision and places mutual companies on a sound financial basis.

In every Company all should pay their just proportion and this provision distributes the burden so the few responsible ones will not have to take care of more than their share.

There's Time for Everything
Now is the time to **Clean Up!**
ECONOMY IN EVERY CAKE
SAPOLIO
Clear Your Skin While You Sleep with Cuticura

Clear Your Skin While You Sleep with Cuticura
The Old Elderly Tooth Don't matter! (Problem solved) For all skin ailments, pimples, blotches, dandruff, and itching. Will cure by return mail. Write to Cuticura, Dept. 5, P. O. Box 103, Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND, LOST, WANTED, ETC.

FOR SALE—A four-year-old mare, sound and broke as a saddle horse, but not as a driving horse. Inquire of L. L. Gorton, Waterloo. 41tf

HATCHING EGGS—From prize winning Barred Plymouth Rocks, Thompson strain. Fifty eggs \$3.25, thirty \$2.00. Sam. Stadel, Chelsea, phone 154-F14. 42

FOR SALE—C. T. Conklin residence, corner East and Summit street. Edward Vogel, administrator. 38tf

LOST—Saturday evening between Miller Sisters and Freeman's store a brown kid glove. Finder please leave at this office. 42

HOUSE TO RENT on West Middle street, Chelsea. Anna McGover, phone 235. 43

TO RENT—A house on Harrison street. Inquire of Mrs. U. H. Townsend, 223 Madison street. 42

LEAVE YOUR ORDER for Saturday Evening Post and Ladies Home Journal at the Standard office.

OLD PAPERS for sale at this office. Large bundle for 5c.

Manchester—Without Bert Quirk and his water wagon on the job, there is so much dust flying about in our streets that life is scarcely worth living. The village may be dry but we want the streets damp.—Enter-prise.

Jackson—While gazing in baby-like wonderment at her reflection in a tub of rain water, Tuesday, Rose, the 17 months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Peck, 1317 Badgley avenue, lost her balance and falling in, drowned. The little body was discovered by Mary, her 8 year old sister, and a physician was immediately summoned, but the little girl was dead.—Star.

"FOR THE FREEDOM OF THE WORLD"

The most brilliant and patriotic drama ever made into a motion picture.

Given under the auspices of the Junior Red Cross Society of the Chelsea Public Schools, at the

Princess Theatre
Friday, May 17th

Matinee, 3:30. Evening, 7:00
Admission, 15c and 25c

BE SURE AND SEE THIS

Order of Publication.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washenaw, held at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 21th day of April, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate, in the matter of the estate of Bernhart Tibb, deceased.

Caroline Tibb, administratrix, having filed in said court her final administration account, and a petition praying for the allowance thereof and for the assignment and distribution of the residue of said estate.

It is ordered, that the 21st day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing said account.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea Standard a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Washenaw.

EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
(A true copy.)
Dorcas C. Donagan, Register. 42

Commissioners Notice

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washenaw, ss. The undersigned, having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Hedwig Killmer, late of said county, deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the Farmers & Merchants Bank, in the Village of Chelsea, in said county, on the 6th day of July and on the 6th day of September, next, at ten o'clock, A. M., of each of said days to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated May 25th, 1918.
P. G. Schallhe, Conrad J. Heselochwerdt, Commissioners. 43

Order of Publication

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washenaw, ss. At a session of the probate court for said county of Washenaw, held at the probate office, in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 15th day of April, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen.

Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate, in the matter of the estate of Caroline S. Kees, deceased.

Charles J. Downer, executor, having filed in said court his final administration account, and a petition praying for the allowance thereof and for the assignment and distribution of the residue of said estate.

It is ordered, that the 20th day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing said account.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea Standard a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Washenaw.

EMORY E. LELAND, Judge of Probate.
(A true copy.)
Dorcas C. Donagan, Register. 42

Use Standard Want Ads.



We can Get you a New Ford now—BUT we are advised that we can expect any day to receive notice of the taking over of the Ford Plant by the Government. Play safe and buy now.

PALMER MOTOR SALES CO.
CHELSEA, MICH.

WE PLACE THE PROPER PRICE UPON OUR QUALITY MEATS



WE always figure on a small profit on the meats we sell. The volume of business we do allows us to adopt this course. Every dollar spent at this market brings its full return in food values.

PHONE 59
FRED KLINGLER

Annual Flower Show

Food Will Win the War

Do your bit and plant a War Garden. Some of our fine Vegetable Plants will start it right. But do not fail to also plant your usual amount of Flowering Plants, as you will need them to cheer you, and delight your eye after you have those long rows of garden stuff hoed and weeded.

Beginning May 22

We will be at O. D. Schneider's Store to supply your wants, and will remain till June 1, 1918.

Chelsea Greenhouse

Phone 180-F21. Hours—6 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 5:30 to 8 p. m.

Rough Dry Wash

Collected and Delivered, per pound, 6c
COLLECTION DAYS, MONDAY and WEDNESDAY
Call Phone 61

Chelsea Steam Laundry.
H. C. BREITENWISCHER, Proprietor

A LOOK AHEAD

Insure yourself against worry for the present and anxiety in the future by investing your money in the Prepaid Stock of this Association.

The man who puts his savings in investments of this kind never spends any sleepless nights worrying over the loss of his principal.

You can put in from \$25.00 upwards, it pays 5 per cent per annum cash dividends and more if left to accumulate. Withdrawal at any time on thirty days' notice with 5 per cent for every day the money is with us.

Ask for our 60th semi-annual statement and booklet; they give full particulars.

Capitol Savings & Loan Association
LANSING, MICH.
W. D. ARNOLD, Agent, Chelsea.

The Chelsea Standard

An independent local newspaper published every Tuesday afternoon from its office in the Standard building, East Middle street, Chelsea, Michigan.

O. T. HOOVER,
PUBLISHER.

Terms—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. To foreign countries \$1.50 per year.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1906, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PERSONAL

John Jensen spent Friday in Ann Arbor.

Mrs. J. L. Gilbert spent Sunday in Grass Lake.

William Haefner spent Sunday at Camp Custer.

C. Lehman was in Detroit on business Tuesday.

H. S. Holmes spent the first of the week in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira VanGiesen spent Sunday in Clinton.

Emanuel Bahnmiller was an Ann Arbor visitor Friday.

Postmaster Hummel was an Ann Arbor visitor Monday.

Milo C. Updike, of Detroit, was a Chelsea visitor Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. James H. Cooke spent the week-end in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Brown spent the week-end at Mosherville.

Miss Frances Hindelang is spending a few days in Ann Arbor.

Rev. and Mrs. G. H. Whitney spent the last of the week in Detroit.

Floyd VanRiper, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with Chelsea friends.

Mrs. S. McCloy and Mrs. N. W. Laird spent Tuesday in Stockbridge.

Miss Margaret Eppler, of Battle Creek, spent the week-end in Chelsea.

Sergt. Max Kelly, of Camp Custer, spent Sunday with his father, John Kelly.

Mrs. James Taylor and Miss Marion Updike spent the week-end in Kalamazoo.

Robert Murray, of Detroit, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Chandler Sunday.

Mrs. Jessie Jones, of Charlotte, spent the week-end with Mrs. H. W. Schmidt.

Miss Agnes Carpenter, of Highland Park, spent Sunday with Miss Anna Walworth.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Schoenhals and family and Wm. Geddes spent Sunday in Howell.

Mrs. Mary Schumacher is entertaining her sister, Mrs. John Krause, of Ann Arbor.

Mrs. Elizabeth Tuomey, of Detroit, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Walker.

Miss Anna McKune, of Detroit, spent the week-end with relatives and friends in Lyndon.

Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Hoover spent the week-end with their mother, Mrs. J. G. Hoover, of Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. John Fulford, of Romulus, spent the week-end with Dr. and Mrs. H. J. Porford.

Mrs. H. H. Darling and children were the guests of friends in Jackson several days of this week.

Miss Sophia Schatz spent the week-end at the home of her sister, Mrs. Wm. Hayes, of Grass Lake.

Miss Pearl Maier, of Detroit, spent the week-end at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Maier.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Eisen and children, of Detroit, spent the week-end with Rev. and Mrs. G. Eisen.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Corwin and children, of Temperance, spent the week-end with Mrs. Mary Winans.

Mrs. Edward Buss, of Manchester, has been spending the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Cooper.

Ernest Pierce, of Jackson, spent the week-end at the home of his parents, Mrs. Herman Pierce, of Lima.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Shaver and son Robert, of Detroit, spent Sunday at the home of his father, M. A. Shaver.

Mrs. Howard S. Holmes is spending this week with her mother, Mrs. E. K. White, of Marion, Ind., who is seriously ill.

H. H. Darling spent several days of this week in Detroit, where he attended a convention of telephone managers.

Harry D. Morton, Mrs. Ward Morton and son and Miss Mildred Squires, of Detroit, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Morton.

Mrs. A. D. Prout, of Lansing, Mrs. Chas. Durfee, of Ann Arbor, and Mrs. Clyde Peterie, of Hammond, Ind., spent Sunday with Mrs. Julia Crowell.

Mr. and Mrs. William Blades and Mr. and Mrs. Orla Tyler of Ann Arbor and F. S. Fletcher of Detroit spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Maier.

VOGEL & WURSTER

The Correctness Of Your Corset

The new lines of the Spring Ready-to-wear demand that special attention be given to the selection of your Corset. The new Spring models are now ready for inspection and our sales-people will gladly show you the style that will make the most suitable foundation for your new apparel. There is no more opportune time for examination of the new Corsets than now and we urge you to take advantage of this special showing.

Buy the Famous Gossard Corsets—All front lace.

There is a Gossard Corset for every figure, as they are made in nine different styles, and all shapes, at \$2.50, \$3.50, \$5.00 and upwards.

Kabo Corsets at \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50.

Separate Skirts Popular As Ever

Milady's Wardrobe for Spring must include several separate skirts. This season the average width is one and three-quarters to two yards and the prevailing length to the shoe-tops. Tunic panels, overskirts, drapes and novel pockets are some of the new styles which are developed in many desirable weaves. Conservation of material does not in any way diminish the charm of the new models, which are developed in Satins, Taffetas, Foulards, Tusshs Jerseys in all authoritative colors.

Fancy Plaid and Striped Silk and Satin Skirts, \$8.50, \$10.00, \$12.50 to \$17.50.

Black and Navy Taffeta and Satin Skirts for hot weather wear, \$7.50 to \$12.50.

Pure Wool Poptin and Serge Skirts, Navy and Black, \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.50.

A Bit of Lace Here and There

WILL PROBABLY BE NECESSARY. OUR STOCK OF LACES AND EMBROIDERIES REFRESHED WITH NEW ARRIVALS, OFFERS MANY UNCOMMON VALUES.

Ask to See the New Val. Laces at 5c and 10c

Silks

THE MARKET'S FINEST SILKS FOR THE NEW SEASON.

Many a pretty Spring Frock will be suggested by these displays of new Silks. Here are the new-striped and plaid Taffetas, the figured Foulards so popular this season, and the beautiful Georgette Crepes, followed by yards and yards of pretty Messalines, Satins and Crepe de Chines in appealing colors.

You will appreciate the way we have maintained a sensible price range.

Skinner's Famous "404" Dress Satins and Skinner's Taffetas are now generally sold at \$2.50. We have practically all colors and black; and price while stock lasts, until further notice, \$2.00.

Good 36-inch Taffetas and Satins, all colors and black, \$1.50 and \$1.75.

Special prices to close out all new Foulards.

Woolens

THEY ARE SCARCE, BUT WE ARE AMPLY PREPARED

It is a pleasure to see such a worthy selection of Wool Dress Goods, and your own good judgment will tell you that it is best to buy now before market prices advance still further. We suggest you anticipate your needs fully, not alone because the prices may not be duplicated later, but because it will be difficult even to duplicate the materials—the markets are so uncertain.

Our Dress Goods ARE NOW SELLING, ON THE AVERAGE, MUCH BELOW PRESENT WHOLESALE PRICES

and as further new goods arrive the prices will be very decidedly higher, in some cases twice the present selling price. Buy now for future use.

VOGEL & WURSTER

That Old Suit Of Yours



What shape is it in—is it getting shiny and baggy? If so, don't wait in ordering you a new one. Wool will be high, if obtainable, and suitings will be scarce. We can make you a suit that will fit, wear and hold its shape,

At \$17.70, \$19.50 and \$22.50

In all wool materials. Others from \$20.00 up, that can't be beat.

Furnishings

Fresh spring stocks in Neckwear, Shirts, Collars, Hats, Caps, Underwear, and Shoes, for dress and work,

Let Us Show You Values

WALWORTH & STRIETER

Outfitters From "Lad to Dad"

When a Young Man's Fancy



Turns to clothing he should bear in mind that

Hermanwile Freshman Clothes

are designed and tailored for his exclusive benefit.

The colorings embrace the new greys, greens, plums, wine, French blues, redish browns and tans of varied mixed tones. Made up into the latest styles, they make models that appeal strongly to young men of refined taste. Fit and workmanship guaranteed to be satisfactory. Prices from

\$18.00 TO \$30.00.

Furnishing Goods.

We have just placed in stock a splendid line of Fancy Shirts, Neckwear, Hosiery, Underwear, Hats, Caps, Gloves and Handkerchiefs that will please everybody. Call and examine the new stock.

Footwear Department.

In this department we are showing all of the newest lasts and leathers for Men and Boys in dress Shoes. We also have a complete stock of solid work shoes for Men and Boys. Come and look at them.

HERMAN J. DANGER

SAVE WHEAT!

Uncle Sam and our Allies need all the Wheat we can save for the use of their armies. Increase this saving by using more of the following:

Phoenix Rye Flour Graham Flour
Phoenix Whole Wheat Flour Corn Meal

We guarantee all our products. A trial will convince you of their merits. . . .

AT YOUR GROCERS, OR

WM. BACON-HOLMES CO.

NEW SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

RECENTLY, WE INCREASED THE NUMBER OF OUR SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES BY 110% AND WE NOW HAVE ENOUGH FOR RENT TO CARE FOR ALL NEEDING SUCH SERVICE. RENTAL PRICES PER YEAR: \$1.00, \$2.00 AND \$3.00. COME IN AND LET US SHOW YOU THESE NEW BOXES.

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank
DEPOSITORY POSTAL SAVINGS FUNDS
Chelsea, Michigan

LOCAL ITEMS

Mrs. Mary Winans is quite ill at her home on South street.

The G. A. R. memorial services will be held at the Congregational church, Sunday, May 26.

A. G. Faist has sold to William Schlicht, of Bridgewater, an eight-cylinder Overland sedan.

David Bristol, of Lima, was taken to the state hospital at Pontiac by Deputy Sheriff Leach, Monday.

Mrs. C. J. Chandler entertained the members of the Cytherian Club at her home in Detroit, Wednesday.

The alleys in the rear of the business places have been given a thorough cleaningup, by the orders of the health officer.

Rev. James Welch, of Three Oaks, Rev. J. V. Coyle, of Albion, and Rev. James Carolan, of Manchester, were recent guests at St. Mary's Rectory.

The Grass Lake News in its last issue presented the name of William A. Boland as a candidate for the nomination as representative in congress from the second district.

E. R. Chambers, of Houghton, spent the week-end with his mother, Mrs. E. R. Chambers, of Lima. Mr. Chambers is state bacteriologist and has charge of the branch laboratory at Houghton.

H. B. Tenny, in charge of the work of naval recruiting for Ann Arbor and Washtenaw county, has arranged for a patriotic meeting in the interest of this work in Chelsea this evening. The speakers will be J. E. Beal and Hon. H. W. Newkirk.

The significance of Memorial Day this year will be greater than in years past, for the reason that many who are fighting "somewhere in France" are in our thoughts and in years to come there are those who will be only in our memories.

Mrs. G. A. Runciman has received word from her son Walter, who is in the United States navy, of his safe arrival at Norfolk, Va. This was his fourth trip across the seas, and he has received a gold bar for six months' service in foreign waters.

Miss Sylvia Runciman entertained at a six o'clock dinner Saturday afternoon, at her home on Harrison street, Misses Gale Cole, Ruth Squares, Emily Williams and Gladys Stoll, of Ypsilanti, and Misses Phyllis Wedemeyer, Ethel Kalmbach and May McGuinness, of Chelsea.

William Lewis Winklemann, son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Winklemann, of Lyndon, left Tuesday, with a number of other men who reported to the draft board in Ann Arbor, for the United States army camp at Columbus, Ohio. From Columbus Mr. Winklemann expects to be sent to one of the various training camps.

The Business Girls' Club of the Y. W. C. A. of Ann Arbor, will give a play here, Saturday evening, May 25, for the benefit of the Y. W. C. A. These young ladies have had charge of the sales of the Red Cross Christmas seals in Washtenaw county for the past two years. They promise a pleasant evening's entertainment.

Arrangements are being made for a big Red Cross mass meeting at the town hall Sunday night. Everyone is urged to be present. At 3 o'clock Monday afternoon there will be a big parade, starting at Summit street and marching to the intersection of Main and Middle streets, where the new Red Cross flag will be flung to the breeze.

First Lieutenant Horace Wier Brighton, of the "Princess Patricia" Canadian Light Infantry, O. E. F., was the guest of Chelsea friends Sunday. Lieut. Brighton is the only son of John W. Brighton, who was a resident of Chelsea several years ago, and is on his way to Morenci, Arizona, to visit his father, being on an extended furlough on account of severe illness. He has been in the service since May 28, 1915, serving nineteen continuous months in the trenches without an intermission, and has never been wounded.

Haugo Park, near Jackson, announces in another column the opening of the season for Tuesday, May 21. There will be fireworks, band concerts, roller skating and dancing. The park is a favorite recreation place for Chelsea people, who will be pleased to learn of the opening of the season. There are a number of new amusement devices. The grove is admirably adapted to take care of picnic parties, reunions and gatherings of organizations of all kinds, and any society contemplating meeting there should write to the Jackson Amusement Co. and reserve dates.

Bert McClain has sold his house and lot on McKinley street to Harry Service.

G. A. Stimpson has sold his residence on East Middle street to Dr. H. M. Armour.

W. H. Benton has accepted a position as driver of one of the outfits of the Standard Oil Co.

Michael Zeeb, of Cavanaugh Lake, is confined to his home with an attack of rheumatism.

Mrs. John Roth, of Grass Lake, and Miss Donna Sullivan, of Ypsilanti, spent Saturday with Mrs. Alice Roedel.

Mrs. Lewis Eppler entertained the S. P. I. at her home on South street Monday evening. The event was a reception for mothers.

The sun's eclipse for June 8 will be seen in Chelsea for nearly two hours. The eclipse will begin at 5:28 in the evening and will end at 7:12.

Officers searched two residences in Chelsea Wednesday and found 117 drills that had been stolen from the shops of the Lewis Spring & Axle Co.

Mr. Smith, of Jackson, has rented the Youse bakery on west Middle street and is making arrangements to open the place for business in the course of a few days.

William Mayer and Herman Jensen, who recently enlisted in the United States navy reported to the navy headquarters in Detroit Sunday. The boys went through here Monday on their way to the Great Lakes Training Station in Illinois.

The next meeting of the North Sylvan Grange will be held in Odd Fellows hall, Chelsea, Friday evening, May 24. A farce entitled "Not a Man in the House," will be given by the Stio Grange. All members are urged to attend this meeting. Good music.

The Bay View Reading Circle elected the following officers at the meeting Monday evening: President, Mrs. G. W. Palmer; first vice president, Miss Nellie Hall; second vice president, Mrs. Roy Harris; secretary, Mrs. Anna Hoag; treasurer, Miss Lula Glover.

PRINCESS THEATRE.

Open regularly Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights, starting each night at 7 o'clock.

Friday, May 17.

Special—Matinee and night. "For the Freedom of the World," a timely and patriotic feature. The proceeds of this performance will be given to the Red Cross.

Saturday, May 18.

Miss Edna Goodrich, the talented and famous actress, whose beauty has dazzled Europe as well as America, in the photodramatic production, "Her Second Husband," which sheds some light on the domestic difficulties of rich men's wives. In this play Edna Goodrich wears a diamond tiara that wasn't made for the movies. It is real and cost \$30,000.

Sunday, May 19.

Dorothy Phillips in a photodrama of Samuel Hopkins Adams' great story, "Triumph." "Making a Man of Wars Man." Training for the navy at the Great Lakes Naval Training Station, Ill., third instalment. Produced and loaned by the Ford Motor Co. Authorized by the U. S. Navy Department.

Tuesday, May 21.

Mrs. Vernon Castle, the best known woman in America, in "Stranded in Arcady." This play gives Mrs. Castle a splendid opportunity for a display of her wonderful personality and majestic presence. The scenes are mostly exteriors, with just enough interior scenes for Mrs. Castle to display her very extensive wardrobe and exquisite grace of movement.

Thursday, May 23.

Doris Kenyon in "The Hidden Hand," chapter eight. "Hearst-Pathe News." "Luke's Wild Woman," the best comedy Lonesome Luke (Harold Lloyd) has ever appeared in.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Remnant wish to thank their neighbors and friends for their kindness and sympathy, also for the flowers, during their recent bereavement.

Mrs. Mary Staffan wishes to extend her thanks to her many friends for sympathy, kindness and floral offerings tendered her in her late bereavement.

Noah might have obtained some first-class pictures of the whale's interior had it but occurred to him to take his negatives to Vogel's Drug Store for development and printing.

Standard want ads give results.

New Welworth Blouses

that still defy the tide of rising price



—Three and four years ago the price of Welworth Blouses was just \$2.00. They were then regarded, as they have been since, as the finest Blouse that two dollars could buy.

—Now, notwithstanding the sharp increases in the cost of everything that goes into their making, they are still to be had for this same modest sum, and they are just as slightly and just as serviceable as they ever were.

—There were always good valid reasons for knowing and buying the WELWORTH; these same reasons apply with greater force today for THRIFT has a larger meaning than ever in the past.

—If you have any inclinations to save on your Blouses, then we say "GET ACQUAINTED WITH THE WELWORTH AND ITS COMPANION WAIST—THE WIRTHMOR."

—Charming new models on sale tomorrow.

Welworth and Wirthmor Waists can be sold in just one good store in every city. They are sold here only.

Ladies' Shoes and Oxfords

Here are the nobby up-to-the-minute Shoes, and still not extremely so. Shoes that a sensible woman will wear, priced at \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$7.00. All leather from heel to toe, a last for your foot, low, medium or high heel.

Shoes For The Girls and Boys

Boys' good strong all leather Shoes, made to wear like iron, at \$2.50 to \$3.50. Girls' Shoes at \$2.00 to \$3.00. Children's Shoes at \$1.25 to \$2.00.

Corking Values In Men's Shoes

Not only the prices are right, but the Shoes are right. Shoes that are solid throughout at \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.00 and \$8.00. You can pay more elsewhere, but you positively cannot get better Shoes. We lead in Shoes and you will know the reason why when you see the assortment and compare prices.

Special For The Ladies

Wirthmor Waists at \$1.00 and \$2.00. Greatest values you ever saw. Come and see them.

W. P. Schenk & Company

RETURNS GUARANTEED

When you put your time and money into planting a crop, you take a certain chance. It would be a great thing if you could be guaranteed your returns.

When you put your money into clothes at this store, the returns are guaranteed. We buy only goods of a known quality—goods that are made to satisfy you.

If You Need a New Suit, Now is the Time to Buy

They are better looking than ever; some with military fronts; some with military backs; others more conservative. You see a good one in the picture; come in and see all of them. Priced—\$15.00, \$18.00, \$25.00, and a few higher.

New Shirts For Spring

You'll find more beauty of color and design in our shirts this spring than ever before; ask to see them when you're in our store.

Approved Hat Styles For Spring

The best styles of the best makers await your selection. You won't have any trouble finding the hat that suits you best.

"Bostonian" Shoes

All shapes and leathers; no better shoes made for fitting and wearing qualities.

Special

Men's Cloth Work Hats, worth 75c to \$1.00, now, 50c.



Copyright Horne Robinson & Mars

VOGEL & WURSTER

BIG ADVANCE DUE IN RAILROAD RATES

HIGHER RATES DUE TO FUEL, WAGES AND EQUIPMENT AND OTHER EXPENSES.

YIELD \$900,000,000 INCREASE

Passenger Fares Would Be Raised Under the Plan to About Three Cents a Mile.

Washington—Estimates made by railroad administration officials indicate an increase of at least 25 per cent in freight and passenger rates will be necessary this year to meet higher costs of fuel, wages, equipment and other operating expenses now set at between \$500,000,000 and \$750,000,000 more than last year. The increase would yield \$900,000,000, it is estimated.

Recommendation that rates be raised by approximately this percentage has been made to Director General McAdoo by his advisers. He is expected to act within the next six weeks, and to put increases into effect immediately. Shippers will be permitted to appeal to the interstate commerce commission under the railroads act, and final decision will be with President Wilson.

Such an increase would be the biggest in the history of American railroads, as the percentage is larger than any ever sought by the railroads under private management and would apply to the entire country.

Passenger fares would be raised under the plan to about three cents a mile, from the existing general rate of a little less than 2 1/2 cents.

The proposed increases, it is estimated would yield about \$900,000,000—\$700,000,000 in freight and \$200,000,000 in passenger revenues. This would leave a margin above the estimated increase in operating expenses eventually, but since the new rates would not go into effect until the year is half over, their yield would fall several hundred million dollars short of meeting the anticipated deficit this year.

It is roughly estimated by railroad administration officials that the railroads this year will spend between \$300,000,000 and \$350,000,000 more for wages than last; between \$120,000,000 and \$150,000,000 more for coal, and between \$180,000,000 and \$250,000,000 more for cars, locomotives, rails, ties, terminal facilities, barges for inland waterways and for other supplies and equipments.

The estimate of increased wages is based on the probability that the director general will approve a general scheme of higher pay for workmen in accordance with railroad wage commission's recommendations, which called for an addition of \$300,000,000 to the \$2,000,000,000 payroll this year.

DRAFT MEN 21 PASSES SENATE

All Men Reaching the Age of 21 Years Called for Military Service.

Washington—The senate adopted a conference report on the bill providing military service for men who have attained the age of 21 since June 5. Exemption is provided for medical and divinity students now in school, but not for those students who will enter later. Senators Johnson and Phelan, California, attacked the law which denied states credit for volunteers in their draft quota.

Senator Phelan stated that he would ask the president to withhold his signature.

ARMY COUNCIL DROPS MAURICE

Accuser of Lloyd George is Retired Because of Public Statements.

London—Gen. Sir Frederick B. Maurice, former director of military operations, has been retired by the army council.

The council considered Gen. Maurice's explanation of the breach of regulations he committed by writing and causing the publication of the letter questioning the veracity of Premier Lloyd George and Chancellor Bonar Law, and decided that he should be placed at once on retired pay.

The brief announcement from London that General Maurice has been placed on the retired list ends one of the most distinguished military careers in Britain.

Ram Record Wool Producer.

Albion—Fred Houseman of Parma has clipped 10 pounds of wool from his registered ram, Calhoun, worth \$25. This sheep in three consecutive seasons has produced 119 pounds of wool.

Germany Destroy Ship, Thwart U. S.

An Atlantic Port—Twenty-four hours before the vessel was to have been put under lien for money due New York brokers, the German steamship Prinz Eitel Friedrich was fired by her commander, according to passengers arriving here from Colombia. The vessel was destroyed in the harbor of Puerto Colombia last month and Capt. Dewall is said to have told authorities that he destroyed the vessel under order from high German officials.



Forgotten

REPORTED SHIFTING OF YANKS ERROR

DISPOSITION OF AMERICANS IN HANDS OF GENERALS FOCH AND PERSHING—BAKER.

REPORT TO BE INVESTIGATED

Ottawa Report Had Stated American Army Was to Be Held as Reserve Force.

Ottawa, Ont.—Nothing further has reached Ottawa officially as to the disposition of the United States troops in France. The statement contained in the cable from the British war cabinet and issued by the director of public information here, that the Americans were not to be utilized in the fighting line until they had a complete self-supporting army, has not been changed or modified in any way.

Director of Public Information Nicholls said he had received nothing further in regard to the Americans and the story was issued as it came to him through the regular official channels.

There is a possibility of a mistake occurring in transmission, and investigation may clear this point.

Secretary Baker has not denied the American force is to be withdrawn to form a separate army. He stated he did not know of such a move, but that the disposition of the force is in the hands of Generals Foch and Pershing. Lord Reading, British High Commissioner, merely said the announcement was contrary to what he had understood to be the case.

London—The Associated Press was officially informed that the statement sent out from Ottawa May 13, attributing to the war committee of the British cabinet the announcement it had been decided not to use the American army on the western front until it became a complete and powerful force was due to an error, which has now been corrected.

Ottawa, Ont.—In a statement Sir Robert Borden, prime minister, said: "The story from Ottawa came through the ordinary channels and, as it was not marked confidential, it was given to the press."

Report U. S. Army Held in Reserve.

Ottawa—So confident is the Entente of its ability to withstand any drive the Germans can launch it has been decided not to use the American army until it becomes a complete and powerful force, according to a cable summary of operations on the western front received here from the war committee of the British cabinet.

The dispatch points out that the German drive with greatly superior numbers has been halted by the allies without the necessity of calling on great numbers of reserve troops as the German command has been compelled to do.

It states that the Teuton reserves are nearly exhausted while the allied forces held in reserve are ready to meet any new blow of the enemy, wherever it may fall.

"The position now is," said the summary, "the Germans, determined to concentrate every available unit on enormous offensive, are draining their country dry to force a decision before it is too late, while the Entente is so confident that, having been given the choice of a small immediate American army for defense or waiting till they are reinforced by a complete, powerful, self-supporting American army, has chosen the latter."

Suffrage Postponed in Senate.

Washington—Senate action on the house resolution proposing submission to the states of an equal suffrage amendment to the federal constitution has been postponed indefinitely because a canvass of the members showed that supporters of the resolution numbered two less than the two-thirds majority necessary for its adoption. This announcement was made by Senator Jones, of New Mexico, chairman of the senate woman suffrage committee.

ALLIES PREPARED FOR NEXT ATTACK OF GERMAN ARMY

FOCH'S LEGIONS, BY SUCCESSFUL LOCAL OPERATIONS, HAVE IMPROVED POSITIONS TO WITHSTAND BLOW.

BRITISH NAVY BOTTLES UP OSTEND, TEUTON U-BOAT BASE

Daring Raid; Old Cruiser Vindictive, Loaded With Concrete Is Sunk in Channel Mouth—Operation Similar to Zebrugge Dash.

London—Ever since the costly defeat of Gen. von Armin's army in its desperate assault on the front southwest of Ypres, over two weeks ago, the beginning of a new effort by the enemy either here, or on some other front has been looked for from day to day. Possibly the Germans have been waiting for some allied counter blow, which they felt able to withstand, and therefore, hoped would be dealt.

If this was the case, they must have been disappointed by the waiting attitude of General Foch, which it is felt now will compel the enemy to reveal his further purpose with little delay, as time is one of the things he cannot afford to squander, with the American forces now rapidly swelling to formidable numbers.

If, as is considered certain, the Germans have employed such time as they have felt impelled to spend in building up the machinery for a new offensive on probably a greater scale than before, it is equally sure that the allied armies under the unified command have not neglected to employ the interval in making every preparation possible to meet the German blow. Every day gives evidence of the alertness of the allied forces. Numerous minor operations have been undertaken to improve their positions on the various fronts and their artillery fire has been directed to equally good purpose in breaking up the organizing efforts of the enemy.

British Bottle Up Ostend.

London—British naval forces carried out another brilliant and successful coup on May 9. They dashed down the sea way to the important German submarine base at Ostend by sinking the cruiser Vindictive across the entrance to the harbor.

The operation was similar to that at Zebrugge on April 23, when that submarine nest was made ineffective by the sinking of block ships.

The Vindictive, which had been the leader in the Zebrugge raid, and was badly shot up there, was filled with concrete and sunk between the piers at the outlet of the Ostend harbor.

The enterprise was successful from every point of view. The only loss sustained by the British was a motor boat, while the casualties were light.

The blocking of the Ostend and Zebrugge harbors will go down in the history of the war as two of the most daring exploits of the navies. At both submarine bases the Germans have batteries of long range naval guns and kept a keen lookout for attacking parties.

The importance of the blocking operations lies in the fact that, if they have been as successful as is believed, and the Germans have been deprived of both of their Belgian bases, they will now be forced to revert, for some time at least, to their own home ports as starting and returning points for their under-sea raiders.

Fee Attacks Beaten Back.

London—The Allied defense on the Flanders front to the southwest of Ypres has again been tested by the Germans and has been found adequate. Two divisions of Teuton troops were employed on a relatively short front and were sent into the fight under cover of a terrific artillery fire.

The front chosen for the attack extended from the village of La Clytte to Voormezele but the center of the assault seems to have been at Verstraten, a hamlet northwest of Kemmel hill.

The flanks of the German attacking line were stopped short by fire from French and British artillery posted on high ground and which was able to engage the German regiments as they tried to advance.

In the center, however, the Germans made quite a serious dent in the Allied line. The Allies drove forward in a counter attack and the latest reports from Field Marshal Haig are to the effect the line has been re-established. The Germans are reported to have lost very heavily during the fighting.

Body Lice Cause Trench Fever.

Atlantic City, N. J.—Fifty volunteers from Gen. Pershing's expeditionary forces have enabled the allied medical officers to discover how to prevent epidemics of trench fever. This statement was made by Dr. T. E. Ople, dean of Washington university, St. Louis. Dr. Ople, who has just returned from France, said it was demonstrated that lice were carriers of the fever and that healthy subjects who mingled with the fever patients free of lice did not contract the disease.

MICHIGAN BREVITIES

Ypsilanti—Kenneth Campbell, eight years old, was drowned when he fell from an abutment near the Peninsular Paper Mill where he was fishing.

Flint—The Flint Rotary club has pledged funds for the erection of a boy scout lodge, on a 160-acre tract east of the city, to be used for camping purposes.

Albion—The 100th birthday anniversary of Mrs. Juliet Calhoun Bickley, was celebrated in the Albion Methodist church. A feature of the occasion was the sermon preached by Dr. Seth Reed, Flint, who is 95 years old.

Kalamazoo—Ann and Nellie Bosker were seriously hurt when an automobile in which they were riding was struck by a Michigan Central switch engine at the West street crossing. Two other occupants of the car were uninjured.

Monroe—The Monroe Workmen's Benevolent society instructed delegates to the state convention at Monroe, June 13, to vote for the substitution of the English language for German. The society has 25,000 enrolled members in the state.

Bay City—Homes of several members of the local Bible Students club were visited by members of the Bay county war board and a wagon load of literature taken. The "conscientious objectors" agreed to desist from further activities. They had distributed their literature over the city under cover of darkness.

Caro—Celebrating a subscription of \$223,000 over a quota of \$487,000 for the third Liberty loan, 542 workers in the Tuscola county campaign met here in a patriotic demonstration, honoring representatives of the 23 townships, each of which flew the honor flag. Bands and state troops participated in a parade. Prominent state men spoke.

Holland—The Holland Rusk Co. and the Michigan Tea Rusk Co., Holland, are among the few baking firms in the United States to be granted permits by the federal food administration allowing exemption from the use of wheat substitutes. Although experiments are being made with substitutes neither company has been successful in making rusk with anything but wheat.

Detroit—Mrs. Mary Frazier, Negro, was killed and two men were badly burned when Casper Laconia, seeking a gas leak in his tenement home at 13-15 Chase street with a lighted candle caused an explosion which blew out an entire side of the house. Mrs. Frazier, 24 years old, who resided on the ground floor of the building, the woman killed, had her head smashed by a falling beam.

Detroit—With only one another for mourners, ten lonely unclaimed bodies were taken in one day from the county morgue for burial by City Undertaker J. W. Maney. They were the remains of William Rivers, who died in the Detroit house of correction; James McKim, dead of natural causes; three unknown men, one drowned, one killed by a train and one a victim of pneumonia, and five babies.

Petoskey—Petoskey Harbor Springs and Charlevoix fishermen have just learned of a government order to owners of wharves not to allow fishermen on them. Decks and wharves will be closed to all except employees with passes and passengers with tickets. Fishermen in northern Michigan ports have made a handsome revenue each year from the docks. Now if they desire to fish they must use boats.

Petoskey—Judge Houghton has ruled that the suspension of Attorney W. A. Harrington from the office of prosecuting attorney of Osego county for mal-practice, automatically caused a vacancy because it removed him from the essential qualifications for holding such office. The ruling came as a result of quo warranto proceedings instituted by Harrington to regain possession of the office of prosecutor.

Camp Custer—Plans for extending Camp Custer on the south and west along the road to Okemah have been made and machinery set in motion for securing leases for 3,500 additional acres. Added to the present acreage this will mean that Camp Custer will cover between 11,000 and 12,000 acres, three times the reservation originally planned. It is stated that the new acreage will be largely used for artillery range purposes.

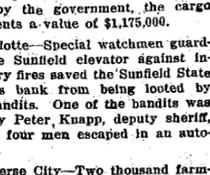
Detroit—Present indications are that youths reaching 21 years of age will in the future be registered for army services every 8 months. "The registrations will come every 90 days after June 5," said Special Agent Fred Thornton, of the district board. "The government will not wait an entire year for the men who reach 21 years of age, but will accept them four times a year. This will give a steady stream of men for the national army."

Detroit—Fourteen thousand Detroit youths are expected to place their names on the national army selective draft list June 5, when the second registration will be held. This registration is for those who have reached the age of 21 since June 5, 1917, and officials of the first district board estimate the figure given as Detroit's maturing forces. Of this number probably less than 10,000 will actually go into service because of rejections for physical disabilities and deferred classifications on account of dependents and needful occupation.

WOMAN'S NERVES MADE STRONG

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Winona, Minn.—"I suffered for more than a year from nervousness, and was so bad I could not rest at night—would lie awake and get so nervous I would have to get up and walk around and in the morning would be all tired out. I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and thought I would try it. My nervousness soon left me. I sleep well and feel fine in the morning and able to do my work. I gladly recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to make weak nerves strong."—Mrs. ALBERT SULTZ, 603 Olmstead St., Winona, Minn.



How often do we hear the expression among women, "My nerves are all out of gear," or "it seems as though I should fly." Such women should profit by Mrs. Sultz's experience and give this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial.

For forty years it has been overcoming such serious conditions as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, dizziness, and nervous prostration of women, and is now considered the standard remedy for such ailments.

THREE KINDS OF GENTLEMEN

Some What Peculiar Distinctions That Are Made by Inhabitants of the Emerald Island.

Ireland is the only country in which it has ever been customary to classify gentlemen as of three distinct kinds or species.

Probably the distinctions are still recognized to some extent in the Emerald isle, but two centuries ago, and even much later, they were defined respectively as (one) the "half-mountain," (two) the "gentleman every inch of him," and (three) the "gentleman to the backbone."

The first class consisted of descendants of Cromwell's soldiers, who, if they could ride well, were called "Buckskin Breaches" or "Squires." The second class was composed of descendants of old families whose estates had been forfeited to the crown (for rebellion or other reasons), and who had been compelled to lower themselves by working for a living, in trade or the professions.

The third class—the "gentlemen to the backbone"—comprised the old stock, or folks who lived on the ancient family estates and the labor of the peasantry pertaining to their domains.

Problem for Home: "Good morning, children," said the arithmetic teacher. "How many of you have prepared an original problem in multiplication as I requested? Only one hand went up." "Well, William, you may give your problem and the rest of the class may solve it."

"If my baby sister is a year old now and weighs 20 pounds, and keeps on gaining two ounces a day until she is sixteen years old, and if the price of living doubles again in the next ten years how much will my sister's graduation outfit cost? Mother says she would like to know."—Ketchikan Sunday Herald.

A Criticism.

William Dean Howells, the famous author, does not like the movies. He thinks their technical side, the camera man's side, is wonderful, but he has no time for their literary or scenic side.

Money talks when it is put up as a guaranty.



ECONOMY TALK
is all right—
ECONOMY PRACTICE
is better. ■
INSTANT POSTUM
is an economy drink—absolutely no waste. Besides it is convenient, saves fuel and sugar, and leaves nothing to be desired in the way of flavor.
TRY A CUP!

WASHINGTON CITY SIDELIGHTS



Washington Expert Tells All About "Jazz" Music

WASHINGTON.—Meyer Davis of this city, who has been dubbed the "king of the jazzers," is quoted by a Boston Post reporter who interviewed him as having said that jazz music, while having Wagner beaten a mile for harmony, cannot be written because it is never played the same way twice in succession.



"The jazz originated in a section of New Orleans known as Congo place, and has been transplanted to gilded hostilities, the homes of the rich and to all places where the canned-music machines give voice," said Davis.

"What effect does jazz music have on human beings?" asked the reporter. "It will make a wooden man dance, and cause an octogenarian to feel like a boy of sixteen," he replied.

Wanted to Keep Promise He Made the Children

A FARMER man wanted peppermint stick candy, pink and white. You can't find old-timey sweets like that these days, except in back-street shops that don't count, but the clerk could give him caramels, conserves, glaces, marshmallows, fudges— But the farmer was set on peppermint stick candy, pink and white. He had promised the children the last thing before starting for the city. They were going to help him out with the crop—and he had to get them what they asked for.



"Why, little miss, those young ones will be waiting for me a mile up the road—I just can't bear to think of it— Little miss interrupted him with an inspiration. Under the counter were jelly-glass jars of pipestem sticks of clear candy, lemon instead of peppermint, and of a lovely green. The farmer man had to compromise with a half-dozen jars and a braided bar of mint cream, but he wasn't happy over it.

Couldn't Believe Gorgeous Being Was Her Father

A TINY girl out southeast way lived with an uncle and aunt because her mother was in heaven and her father at sea. Being old enough to play with other tiny children, she wondered why it was that she had no papa, to come home from work every afternoon so that she could race down the pavement and hug him around the legs. She longed for that daily coming papa with a yearning that no grown-up could ever suspect, seeing that we somehow forget what goes on in childhood land after we are turned out of it and the gate locked behind—except, of course, when the lonesome years come along and Father Time, who is a whole lot kinder than Tim, give him credit for, lets us peek backward through his memory glass to show us how beautiful it used to be.

The child took in the brass buttons and gold braid with rapt wonder leavened with doubt. This big, gold-shining man was not like the papas who came home from work every afternoon to have their legs hugged. The blue cloth arms were open to receive her, but she hung back fearfully. She had to be sure.

Rather Rough on Waiter, but "Orders Is Orders"

THE manager of a Washington hotel has insisted upon strict observance of the food administration's rules from the beginning, so that two men, apparently of the class that are in Washington on business just now, who did not seem to care anything about food conservation, were responsible for the discharge of a waiter the other day.



"We'll protect you. Bring the bread," said one of them, and the waiter hurried off. He came back with a plate of biscuits. At the next table, however, sat an official of the food administration. He beckoned to the waiter, said something to him in an undertone, and in a few minutes the waiter who had served the forbidden bread rushed back to the table where the two men were and said agitatedly: "You gentlemen have cost me my job—serving that bread was against orders."

AMERICAN AMBULANCES READY FOR WORK



American ambulances in France in front of an infirmary ready to leave for the front.

ITALIAN FIRMS AIDED GERMANY

Silk, Cotton and Rubber Shipped to Enemy Through Switzerland.

LOYD GEORGE IS BLAMED

Contraband Trade Declared to Have Been Fostered by British Tariffs—Warnings Go Unheeded by Italian Government.

Rome.—The scandal resulting from the exposure of the part played by the Milanese Silk company in supplying great quantities of silk waste to Germany is spreading. The government is now in possession of indisputable evidence that not only silk waste but large quantities of cotton and rubber have found their way into Germany from Italy since the war, forming a material aid to the enemy in the manufacture of war materials.

Strangely enough there were intelligent people who warned the government and strived to open the eyes of the under secretary of state of the ministry of finance, Signor Basilli, who presided over the special committee that authorized exportations, that silk waste was being used in Germany for war industries.

Signor Girelli, the radical deputy, has published an article, in which he points out that not only Italy but all the allies have been remiss in controlling exports to neutral countries. He urged the Italian government in July, 1915, to prevent the export of silk to Germany, but it was not prohibited until August, 1916, while the prohibition of silk exports to Switzerland did not come into operation until October, 1916.

As to the contraband trade in silk, Signor Girelli blames Lloyd George for having, through lack of actual information on the question, imposed restrictions on the import of Italian silk into England, thus providing the Italian Germanophiles with a splendid anti-British argument.

It is now certain that besides silk waste enormous consignments of cotton have been supplied to Germany from Italy, where trading with the enemy was organized on such a vast scale that it is inconceivable how so much time passed before it was detected and repressed.

Controlled by Germans. Judging from the number of silk and cotton merchants arrested in north Italy it is evident that both the silk and cotton industries were practically under German control and that the greater part of the output of the principal firms was sent to Germany and utilized in war industries there.

Before the war about three hundred tons of silk waste were exported from Italy to Switzerland every year. In 1915 Italian silk exports to Switzerland increased to about nine hundred tons and in the following year to 5,200 tons.

Although the Italian silk was exported to a neutral country, still its ultimate destination was Germany, where it was needed in the manufacture of charges for artillery, airplane wings and airship envelopes. The trade continued until a few weeks ago. During the first 12 days of February 142 tons of raw silk, cotton and flax were sent to Germany via Switzerland.

It has been said that the silk waste spinning companies were enabled to trade with the enemy because nobody suspected that silk waste could be utilized by the Germans in war industries, and in fact silk waste was exported to Germany not only from Italy but from France as well.

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were deprived of it they would discover something else to replace it." Signor Basilli in an interview later disclaimed all responsibility, but admitted that he was related by marriage to the chairman of the board of directors of the Silk Waste Spinning company, which traded most extensively with Germany.

Signor Bonaccasa, a member of parliament, was a prominent shareholder and member of the board of directors of the Silk Waste Spinning company. The Silk Waste Spinning company was one of the most flourishing concerns in Italy and practically monopolized the silk waste industry.

There is every reason to believe that contraband with Germany could not have been so well organized if it had not been a labor of love or at least of gratitude for previous financial assistance given by Germany. Nearly every German industrial concern in Italy had an Italian name and often an Italian partner. When war broke out Italian-German industrial concerns were transformed into apparently essentially Italian firms.

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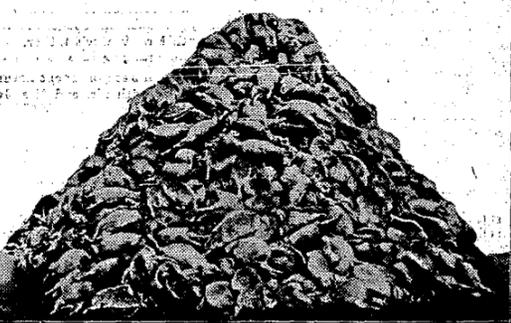
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Our Part in Feeding the Nation

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)
RODENTS EAT \$150,000,000 WORTH OF FOOD



Sixteen Hundred and Forty-one Dead Prairie Dogs Were Collected From 320 Acres Which Had Been Treated With Poison the Day Before by One Man—Cost, including Labor, \$9.79—Specialists Teach Farmers How to Mix Poison.

POISONING STOPS LARGE CROP LOSS

Co-operation Among Farmers and All Authorities Concerned Is Necessary.

CAMPAIGN IN NORTH DAKOTA

More Than 5,000,000 Acres Treated in North Dakota and Saving of \$1,000,000 Accomplished—Many Counties Organized.

Crops worth more than \$150,000,000 are destroyed every year by such rodents as prairie dogs, ground squirrels, pocket gophers, rabbits, field mice and cats and woodchucks. This heavy toll does not include loss inflicted by house mice and rats. That the losses due to rodents constitute an entirely unnecessary drain upon the productive capacity of the farms and that they may be permanently eliminated at a cost which is but a small fraction of the damage occasioned during a single year has been proved by the extensive work already accomplished in campaigns conducted by the Biological Survey of the United States department of agriculture in co-operation with state and county organizations.

Community co-operation will do the work. Rodent pests have been practically eliminated from millions of acres of valuable agricultural land in the last four years through the co-operation of thousands of farmers. Describing these campaigns federal specialists declare that the eagerness with which farmers have availed themselves of the opportunity to join in concerted movements aimed at relief from these pests is most significant and gratifying, while the returns in increased crop yields from the amount of labor and money invested in the community campaigns have exceeded all expectations. A successful fight against rodent pests requires that all local, state and national agencies concerned be brought into harmonious and effective co-operation and that modern poisoning methods of proved efficiency be used.

HARM FROM RODENTS IS COUNTRY-WIDE

Food-destroying rodents are common throughout the United States. In the States west of the Mississippi river prairie dogs, ground squirrels, pocket gophers, rabbits, cotton rats and field mice have taken a continually increasing toll from the crops of wheat, oats, corn, barley and other cereals, alfalfa, potatoes, beans, fruit, melons and almonds and from pasture ranges. States east of this boundary have suffered heavily from the depredations of rabbits, woodchucks and meadow pine and white-footed mice in gardens, field and truck crops, orchards and vineyards.

The estimate of \$150,000,000 loss to crops annually in the United States is based upon information regarding conditions reported by field representatives of the biological survey, United States department of agriculture, county agricultural agents, other competent officials, and farmers. It does not include losses inflicted by house mice and rats.

States' Losses From Rodents

Some idea of the loss suffered by individual States from native rodents may be obtained from the following estimate recently submitted to the United States department of agriculture by state directors of agricultural extension work: Montana \$15,000,000; North Dakota, \$4,000,000; South Dakota, \$3,000,000; Kansas, \$12,000,000; Colorado, \$2,000,000; California, \$20,000,000; Wyoming, 15 per cent of all crops; Nevada, 10 to 15 per cent of all crops or \$1,000,000; New Mexico, \$1,200,000 loss to crops and double this amount to range.

Work in North Dakota. In the great grain-producing areas of North Dakota there has been developed the most extensive and thoroughly organized campaign with a comprehensive plan of state-wide eradication of rodent pests that has yet been attempted. This campaign was organized under a co-operative project agreement between the bureau of biological survey and the states relation service of the United States department of agriculture and the North Dakota agricultural experiment station and extension service, including the county agent organization. The state legislature provided a revolving fund available for use in procuring and maintaining the required stock of poison supplies.

Many Gophers Killed. The initial campaign was launched against the Richardson ground squirrel, commonly known locally as "gopher." In many places poisoning resulted in the killing of 98 per cent of the animals on the first application. Entire counties were organized in a front during the entire day and maintained communication with the battalions on his right and left.

At another point near the front a middle-aged, motherly woman, also of the Salvation Army, is braving the German shells to dispense comforts to the men.

"I had to come to France," she said, "to find out what wonderful boys we raise in America."

Unstinted praise for the valor and steadfastness of the American troops during the German attack at Selcheprey is given by the French troops on the same front. This admiration for the fighting qualities of his transatlantic comrades is demonstrated in a report sent to the general commanding by the colonel of a French infantry regiment which took part in the Selcheprey engagement.

"I visited Renneres wood after the counter-attack in which the position was recaptured and examined the situation in detail," says the report. "Everywhere traces of hand-to-hand fighting show that the American soldiers, despite two hours of heavy bombardment by large caliber guns, defended themselves valiantly.

FRENCH PRAISE VALOR OF YANKS

Victory of Pershing Men at Selcheprey May Become Historic.

MANY DEEDS OF HEROISM

Actions of Soldiers in Fight Fully in Accord With the Finest American Traditions—One Kills Fifteen Huns.

With the American Army in France. The shell-torn village of Selcheprey appears to be destined to hold a proud place in the story of American participation in the world war. As further details of the engagement there become known there are disclosed deeds which are fully in accord with the finest American traditions.

The correspondent is now permitted to tell of a few cases of individual heroism, which will convey an idea as to the mettle of the men. One of them, David Griggs of East Hampton, Conn., passed through the enemy barrage at least seven times to carry ammunition to his hard-pressed comrades. Twice he was partly buried by earth upturned by shells falling all around him, but he kept at his task.

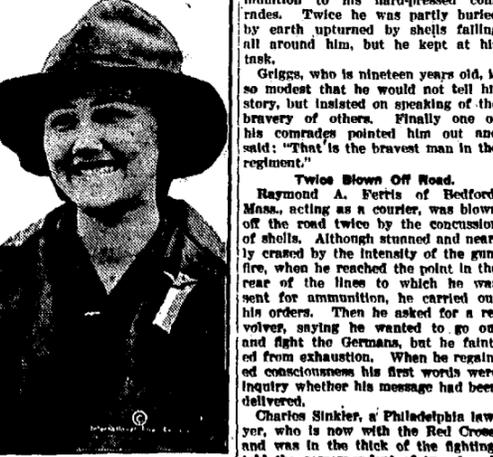
Griggs, who is nineteen years old, is so modest that he would not tell his story, but insisted on speaking of the bravery of others. Finally one of his comrades pointed him out and said: "That is the bravest man in the regiment."

Twice Blown Off Road. Raymond A. Ferris of Bedford, Mass., acting as a courier, was blown off the road twice by the concussion of shells. Although stunned and nearly crushed by the intensity of the gunfire, when he reached the point in the rear of the lines to which he was sent for ammunition, he carried out his orders. Then he asked for a revolver, saying he wanted to go out and fight the Germans, but he fainted from exhaustion. When he regained consciousness his first words were inquiry whether his message had been delivered.

Charles Sinkler, a Philadelphia lawyer, who is now with the Red Cross, and was in the thick of the fighting, told the correspondent of two Americans who, armed only with automatic pistols, charged an enemy machine gun, killed eight Germans and captured the gun. It is also related that one American sharpshooter killed 15 Germans.

In a village a short distance behind the front line Gladys and Irene McIntyre, sisters of Mount Vernon, N. Y.,

GIRL SCOUT DECORATED



Luth Colman, a sixteen-year-old Washington high school girl, has been decorated by Mrs. Wilson with a gold-on-eagle, the highest honor awarded by the girl scout organization. Miss Colman is the third girl to receive this honor, the equipment of 22 proficiency badges being necessary to earn the coveted golden eagle.

Does It Pay to Paint?



It certainly pays to protect your building investment against decay. Paint costs less than repairs.

Unpainted buildings begin to depreciate at once. Boards warp. Nails loosen. Window sashes sag. Decay sets in. Value shrinks.

Well painted buildings are always quickly rented at advancing rates.

Patton's Sun-Proof Paint

—gives your buildings an armor against weather-wear. And it gives years of extra service because it is a scientific paint of uniform quality, made without guesswork.

Come to us for the paint you need.

Chelsea Hardware Co.
We Are Here to Serve You

SHOES

A-Full Line of Work Shoes
Repairing a Specialty

SCHMID & SON, W. Middle St.

A. L. STEGER,
Dentist.
Office, Kempf Bank Block, Chelsea, Michigan. Phone, Office, 23, 27; Residence, 22, 37.

S. A. MAPES,
Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Fine Funeral Furnishings. Calls answered promptly night or day. Chelsea, Michigan. Phone 6.

H. M. ARMOUR
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist.
Fourteen years experience. Also general practicing. Phone 24. Residence, 115 West Middle street, Chelsea.

C. C. LANE
Veterinarian
Office at Chas. Martin's Livery Barn. Phone No. 2 W. Call answered day or night.

GEORGE W. BECKWITH,
Real Estate Dealer.
Money to Loan. Life and Fire Insurance. Office in Hatch-Durand block, Chelsea, Michigan.

H. D. WITHERELL,
Attorney at Law.
Office, Freeman block, Chelsea, Michigan.

STIVERS & KALMBACH,
Attorneys at Law.
General law practice in all courts. Notary Public in the office. Office in Hatch-Durand block, Chelsea, Michigan. Phone 62.

Detroit United Lines

Between Jackson, Chelsea, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti and Detroit.

Central Standard Time.

LIMITED CARS.
For Detroit 7:45 a. m. and every two hours to 7:45 p. m.

EXPRESS CARS
East Bound—6:00 a. m., 8:34 a. m. and every two hours to 6:34 p. m.
West Bound—9:20 a. m. and every two hours to 9:20 p. m., also 10:23 p. m. Express cars make local stops west of Ann Arbor.

LOCAL CARS.
East Bound—8:00 p. m. and 10:12 p. m. To Ypsilanti only, 11:20 p. m.
West Bound—6:25 a. m., 7:54 a. m., 11:21 p. m.
Cars connect at Ypsilanti for Saline and at Wayne for Plymouth and Northville.



Coughing Tires the Old

Hard winter coughs are very trying to elderly people. They mean loss of sleep, and they deplete the strength, lower vitality, weaken and wear out the system.

Foley's Honey and Tar

stops coughs quickly. It is a standard family medicine that contains no opiates, and is noted for its quick effect on coughs, colds, croup, bronchial and grippe coughs, and the chronic coughs of elderly people.

J. B. Williams, Trenton, Co., over 33 years old says: "I have used Foley's Honey and Tar for years with the best and most rapid results."

For results, use Standard want ads.

CORRESPONDENCE

SYLVAN HAPPENINGS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Anderson and children, of Detroit, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Kern.

Miss Amanda Merker and Miss Phrona Saine spent Sunday in Grass Lake with Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Capen and family.

R. M. Hoppe has purchased from L. C. Hayes five head of thoroughbred shorthorn yearlings, one bull and four heifers.

WATERLOO DOINGS.

Mrs. L. L. Gorton is spending this week in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Vicary and family, of Jackson, spent the weekend with Mrs. Vicary's father.

Mr. and Mrs. Judson Armstrong and daughters, of Jackson, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Rimmel.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Marsh and family spent the week-end in Jackson. Walter Vicary has purchased a new Overland touring car of A. G. Faist.

LIMA TOWNSHIP NEWS.

Mrs. Dantel Shell, of Chelsea, visited Mrs. S. E. Wood, Tuesday.

Mrs. Geo. Whittington and daughter Gladys, were Ann Arbor visitors one day the past week.

Private Edward Nordman, of Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Nordman.

The four-act play of the Revolutionary days, "A Brave Little Tommy," will be given by the pupils of the Lima Center school, under the leadership of the teacher, Miss Esther Schmid, on Wednesday evening, May 2, at 8:15 o'clock. An admission of ten cents will be charged, the proceeds to go to the Y. M. C. A. war fund.

SHARON NEWS.

Mahlon Curtis spent Sunday at his home in Fishville.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Koebbe spent Friday in Jackson.

Mrs. Minnie Pardee is spending this week with friends in Ypsilanti.

Richard Curtis and family spent Sunday with relatives in Ann Arbor. The Soldiers' Aid Society met at the home of Mrs. Wisner, Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. H. J. Reno visited her daughter, Mrs. Frank Ferguson, at Clinton last Tuesday and Wednesday.

The North Sharon Grange will hold a meeting Monday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Alber.

Mrs. L. B. Lawrence and sons, Mrs. E. W. Holden, Mrs. Fred Lehman and Charles Moser attended the Sunday school institute at Tecumseh last Wednesday.

FREEDOM ITEMS.

Mrs. Lewis Geyer, who has been ill is slowly recovering.

Born, on Tuesday, May 7, 1918, to Mr. and Mrs. John Wenk, a son.

Mrs. Wm. Beuerle is recovering from a severe attack of tonsillitis.

Charles Buss has let the contract for the erection of a large tool shed to Schable Bros.

Emanuel Schiller, of Camp Custer, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Schiller.

Michael Schiller has the frame up for a new barn which he is building to replace the one destroyed by the tornado last June.

A WORD WITH WOMEN

Valuable Advice for Chelsea Readers.—Many a woman endures with noble patience the daily misery of backache, pains about the hips, blue, nervous spells, dizziness and urinary disorders, hopeless of relief because she doesn't know what is the matter.

It is not that every pain in the back or hips is trouble "peculiar to the sex." Often when the kidneys get congested and inflamed, such aches and pains follow. Then help the weakened kidneys. Don't expect them to get well alone.

Doan's Kidney Pills have the praise of thousands of women. They are endorsed right in this locality. Read this woman's convincing statement:

Mrs. Elizabeth Hane, 915 S. Main St., Ann Arbor, Mich., says: "Some few years ago I found it necessary to use a kidney medicine. I was suffering from a weak and lame back and the latest exertion made it ache. My kidneys acted irregularly too. The first box of Doan's Kidney Pills helped me and I bought more. They cured the complaint and for over two years, I have been perfectly well."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Hane had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

Regular meeting of Olive Chapter, O. E. S., Wednesday evening, May 22.

The Chatt-en-Seau will meet with Mrs. Evelyn Russell on Monday, May 20.

There will be a regular meeting of the Maccabees on Friday evening of this week.

The Congregational Missionary Society will meet at the home of Mrs. Frank Leach, Thursday afternoon, May 23.

The Red Cross ladies of the Third Ward unit, Ann Arbor, will give an entertainment at the Chelsea opera house Friday evening, May 24. Admission, adults 25 cents; children 10 cents.

Red Cross Drive Begins May 20.

The American Red Cross requires one hundred million dollars to carry on the work it has contracted to do during the next few months in war-stricken Europe. Washtenaw county's share of this great fund is thirty thousand dollars.

The campaign to secure this money by house to house canvass will be put on May 20 to 27 throughout the county.

The people who will be required to go out and collect this money must do so at the cost of their own time and energy.

Most patriotic people will consider it a pleasure to relieve their friends of the extra burden of calling on them for their subscription.

It is therefore planned that all persons who desire to volunteer their subscriptions may do so on May 21, 22 and 23, at school houses in each district.

All who volunteer their subscriptions will be considered as having met the wishes of the War Preparedness Committee in full. A suitable badge has been prepared for such volunteers to wear during the days of the Red Cross drive, and an attractive window card will be presented to each person making this voluntary subscription.

One-fourth of this subscription is payable July 1, one-fourth August 1, one-fourth September 1 and the balance October 1. The Red Cross will be greatly obliged to all subscribers who are able to pay their subscriptions in full at once, but partial payment subscriptions are cheerfully accepted in view of the fact that almost everybody can subscribe more generously if given time in which to pay the pledge.

Persons who are in doubt as to their share of this responsibility may find the suggestion useful that we should try to give half of the total yearly amount of our subscriptions already made to the Red Cross; for example, if one has subscribed five dollars a month to the work of the Red Cross, his contribution to this "Second Red Cross War Fund" might properly be \$25 or \$30.

The War Preparedness Committee does not feel the necessity of presenting at this time any further testimony concerning the merits of this case. American citizens who have kept themselves informed concerning the work of the American Red Cross during this war know that the Red Cross is now the largest organization of any kind in the world.

Because of the scale on which nations must be organized for war today it was apparent it would be many months before our army could play its part in the war. During that time it was important that America's help be evident to our allies, who have so long had to carry the burden.

It has fallen to the lot of the American Red Cross to fill this gap, to bring relief to these nations, and in so doing to begin to play this country's part in the war. It should be in the mind and heart of every American that Red Cross help is strengthening that part of our allies that is so essential to final success.

It is vital that this work must go on, and it must go on. The Red Cross War Council must again ask the American people to respond, which it does with no feeling of apology, but in the knowledge that this is the time of sacrifice and that continued giving is the spirit of the day, that nothing matters but the winning of the war, and that its record of achievement justifies the American Red Cross in feeling that it is playing a substantial part in bringing this war to a successful conclusion.

Manchester—People are often seen standing on the Exchange Place bridge watching fish in their attempt to swim over the dam. They can make it up the "apron" even in quite shallow water but when they come to the perpendicular wall they have to give it up and slide back into the river. Often the boys get busy when there is a "Sun" and sometimes they capture a mess of fish.—Enterprise.

CHURCH CIRCLES.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Rev. G. H. Whitner, Pastor.
Morning service at 10 o'clock as usual Sunday.
Bible school at 11:15 a. m.
Epworth League at 6 p. m.
Evening, union Red Cross meeting at the town hall.
Thursday prayer meeting 7 p. m., in the church.
A cordial invitation to all.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Rev. F. W. Dieberger, Pastor.
Morning worship at 10 o'clock with sermon by the pastor. Subject, "An Old Fashioned Home."
Sunday school at 11:15 o'clock a. m.
There will be no evening service on account of the union Red Cross meeting at the town hall.
The church with a welcome for all.

CATHOLIC.

Rev. W. F. Conside, Rector.
Pentecost Sunday.
Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart Sunday services.
Holy communion 6:30 a. m.
Low mass 7:30 a. m.
High mass 10:00 a. m.
Catechism at 11:00 a. m.
Baptisms at 3 p. m.
Mass on week days at 7:00 a. m.
The Children of Mary and Bona Mors Societies will receive holy communion next Sunday.
Next Sunday the annual collection for the Pope will be taken up.

BAPTIST.

Sunday morning services at 10 a. m. by Rev. J. Carmichael.
Sunday school at 11:15 o'clock a. m.
Prayer meeting at 7:30 o'clock Friday evening, at the church.
Everybody welcome.

ST. PAUL'S.

Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.
Pentecost Sunday.
Sunday school at 9 a. m.
Pentecost service at 10 a. m. The annual district offering will be taken at this service.
Communion service at 11 a. m.
There will be no evening service on account of the Red Cross mass meeting.

SALEM GERMAN M. E. CHURCH, NEAR FRANKLIN.

Rev. G. O. Rothbart, Pastor.
Sunday school Sunday 9:30 a. m.
German service at 10:30 a. m.
Epworth League 7:30 p. m.
English service 8:00 p. m.
Everybody most cordially invited.

THE BEAUTY SPOT OF MICHIGAN

HAGUE PARK

JACKSON, MICH.

Opens Tuesday, May 21st

FIREWORKS BAND CONCERTS

DANCING ROLLER SKATING

BOWLING

And All Up-to-Date Amusements

FREE GATE

Bids Wanted.

The Village of Chelsea will receive sealed bids for the purchase of the old fire hose wagon, now standing near Faist's shop, bids to be filed with the clerk on or before noon of Tuesday, May 20, 1918. W. C. Boyd, Clerk.

Notice

To the members of the Vermont Cemetery Association: The annual dues of \$1.00 are now due. Please leave the same at the Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank on or before June 1.

Manchester—"How quiet the town is," remarked a man on the streets a few days ago. His mind evidently dwelt upon the scenes when Lenawee county was sending her daily quota here after booze. "Yes we will be quiet hereafter," was the answer, with "Thank God" as earnestly added.—Enterprise.

ICE - ICE

OUR PRICES FOR THE COMING SEASON WILL BE AS FOLLOWS

100 Pounds in Box	50c
100 Pounds at Curb	40c

DELIVERIES
Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays

CHELSEA ICE CO.

PHONE 250

PHONE YOUR ORDER EARLY

RED CROSS PARADE

Monday, May 20, 1918

The parade to form at 3 p. m., at the corners of South Main and Summit streets. The order of parade will be as follows:
Fife and Drum Corps; G. A. R., Spanish War Veterans and Sons of Veterans; Boys Scouts in uniform; Schools Children and Teachers from both schools carrying flags. Bring your own flags. Members Surgical Dressing course in uniform; all members Red Cross entitled to carry service flags, to bring flags and march; floats to be prepared by merchants.

The parade will march down Main street to the Flag Pole where it will be mustered out and participate in the exercises attendant upon raising of the new Red Cross flag and formal opening of the Red Cross campaign for \$100,000,000 war fund.

This is an invitation to you to attend and take part in the ceremonies.

Business places will be closed during the exercises. Further details can be obtained from
B. B. TURNBULL, Chairman in Charge of Exercises.

They Want Your Farm

I have a number of Detroit clients who have asked me to locate desirable farms for them.

IF YOU WILL SELL

yours, write me stating location, number of acres, character of soil, number and condition of buildings, condition of fences and any other information of interest to buyers. Make the price and terms right and I believe if you write at once

I CAN SELL

it for you at an early date.

WILLIAM C. FISK

Savings Bank Bldg. YPSILANTI, MICH.

Why Not Have Your House Wired for Electricity During Housecleaning Time?



Then call and see our line of Electrical Goods, consisting of American Beauty Flat Irons, Grills and Toasters; Western and Hot Point Flat Irons; Torrington and Frantz Premier Vacuum Cleaners, and Peerless Electric Fans.

We handle nothing but the best goods, and aim to sell as near cost as possible.

Chelsea Municipal Electric Light and Water Works Plant

USED Maxwell and Ford Touring Cars

ECONOMY GARAGE

101 NORTH ASHLEY STREET
ANN ARBOR MICHIGAN